

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. X.—NO. 23.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1898.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

CHRISTMAS AGAIN!

As Christmas approaches we extend a hearty greeting to our many customers and friends and invite you one and all to come and inspect our choice selections which we have chosen with the utmost care and discretion for your good cheer and comfort.

Dress Goods.

Ladies! have you seen our range of dress goods in all the latest and most fashionable colors. Dress robes from \$2 up to \$10 and \$12. Special lines in black plain and figured from 25c. up to \$1 per yd. Newest designs and most suitable for a holiday outing.

Lamps & Lamp Goods.

In this line we excel. The very latest in parlor lamps, high and low stand, from \$1.25 to \$12.50, which is a beauty. Library lamps with arc globe, \$3.50 up. Diminutive lamps and lanterns. You must not forget to look at our lamps when you come in.

Japanese Silks.

We are showing a beautiful range of Japanese silks in all the prettiest and newest shadings at 25c., 40c., and 27 inch at 60c. Just the thing for needle work and draping. Fancy Japanese silk drapes, doilies, chair scarfs &c.—nice Xmas gifts.

Silk Mitts, Etc.

Another big snap is our silk handkerchiefs, all shades and designs, from 15c. up to \$3.00. Time or space will not allow us to describe the silk goods, but to see our ladies' black silk mitts at \$1.25, \$1.05, \$1.75, children's silk mitts and booties to match, means to make your friend a choice and serviceable present.

Gauntlets, Etc.

Ladies' fur gauntlets, boas and the very naggiest in muffs. Men's gauntlets, lined mitts and gloves. Men's, ladies' and children's fine wear and a splendid range to choose from.

Shoes & Slippers.

Here are the details of our holiday selection of shoes, which has cost us time and thought. Ladies' felt slippers in all the latest shapes. A nice warm felt slipper for 25c. up to the famous Dolgas at \$1.75. Children's felt slippers, men's fancy velvet, alligator, felt, willow calf. Full stock of men's, ladies', boys', misses' and children's felts and overshoes.

Household Linens.

In household linens we import direct from the manufacturers and give you the benefit of the lowest possible prices. Table linens from 25c. per yard up to \$1.25. Table napkins, doilies, towels and towellings, fronting and drawing linens, butchers' linen and linen lawns. Inspect these goods; a pleasure to show them.

Blouse Silks.

Make your daughter happy by a present of one of our handsome blouse silks, no two alike in the brochades, taffetas, plaid taffetas, black satin, black surah silks at 50c., 60c., 80c., \$1 and \$1.15 per yd. To see them is to buy.

China & Glassware.

Have you seen our 5-o'clock tea set. Fancy china cups and saucers, from children's size to the Jumbo. Watercups, tumblers, goblets, wine glasses. An elegant line of green and gold crystal ware, berry sets in glass and china, syrup jugs, mustard pots and a nice range of fancy shoe match safes, very cute. Toilet sets,—the largest range we ever showed, beautiful designs and colorings, ten piece sets from \$3.00 up. Only table, its a beauty. An inspection of these goods we are sure you'd enjoy, and prices right.

Celluloid goods, work boxes, picture frames, albums, travelling sets in genuine morocco.

CHOICE GROCERIES.

What we have you want. We have bought heavily in choice fresh groceries, and you reap the benefit. See us for currants, 8c.; cleaned currants, 10c., 12½c.; F.O.S. valencias, 8½c.; new selected valencias, 10c.; seeded and seedless raisins, 15c. per lb.; table raisins, 2½ lb. boxes, 45c.; mixed peels; Pure Gold extracts; prepared icings, just the thing for the busy house wife; fresh canned goods in all the staple and fancy lines, the best the market can produce and everything bought for spot cash and car rates, which gives us the advantage over our competitors and you the benefit. We have not overlooked the Xmas candy and nuts. Now, all we ask from our many patrons is a thorough inspection, and we feel confident of the results.

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

We have a galaxy of new ideas for Xmas trade. Let the little folks come in and see our centre tables which we have been preparing this week, and see all the dolls of every description, dolls' beds, tea sets, mugs, tin toys, iron horses and trains, Maid of the Mist, banks, &c., &c., &c.

Another car of Sugar on the way
bought before the advance.

ROBINSON-HAMILTON

CHRISTMAS!

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL."

Another Year Has Almost Gone,

And We Are Still Here.

Our business career, although short, has been very successful, for which we feel thankful to our many friends. We sincerely trust we have always treated you kindly, and hope you are satisfied and feel pleasantly towards us. We don't promise you an Xmas present for your favors, but we promise you good

HONEST VALUE FOR GOOD MONEY,

All the year round. If through some unforeseen circumstances any are now feeling dissatisfied, we invite you to come and renew former pleasant relations, and begin the New Year with those who are endeavoring to further your interests by at all times giving good goods for good money. To all we wish a very merry Christmas and a prosperous New Year, and invite you to call, inspect, buy and comment upon our well assorted stock of groceries, crockery, dry goods, etc.

J. A. HEALEY & CO.

THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

Our Big Christmas Announcement woke the people up to the fact that the festive season is now almost with us. Our experiment proved very satisfactory and we will therefore try it again. Now that your are awake, come with the crowds to the busy corner. It is by this time pretty well known that we carry out to the letter every promise we make, and we intend to win and keep your confidence. The very lowest price at which you can buy an advertised article may be a high price to pay for it.

QUALITY DETERMINES CHEAPNESS.

If you pay one price for your table supplies at any store and can get the same or better quality here at far less price, you are getting them cheap. This you can do any day in the year and if you form a fixed habit of doing all your trading here, you will within a short time find that you have provided your table with the best goods the market affords at a great saving.

J. J. & A. McLEAN.

THE NOMINATIONS.

MAYOR BOGUE REELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

Nine Candidates Nominated for the Council and Four for School Trustees—An Election Next Monday—A Good List to Choose From.

This year a more lively interest was taken in the civic nominations which were held at the town hall on Monday between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock, with the result that the ratepayers have a list of nine good candidates for the council and four for school trustees to choose from. At twelve o'clock G. B. C. Sharpe, returning officer, declared the result as follows:

FOR MAYOR.

R. Bogue—Nominated by J. H. Grayson, J. U. Munns, J. H. Wellington, T. W. Robinson, H. Bate, W. C. Sanders. Declared elected by acclamation.

FOR COUNCILLORS.

F. G. Herrier.—Nominated by Messrs. R. Bogue, T. B. Baker, Hugh Ferguson, Wm. Grayson.

J. U. Munns.—Nominated by R. Bogue, Wm. Grayson, Hugh Ferguson, J. H. Grayson, A. Wilson.

A. Hitchcock.—Nominated by R. Bogue, J. H. Grayson, J. U. Munns.

J. H. Grayson.—Nominated by R. Bogue, H. U. Morrison, R. K. Morrison, A. Wilson, R. Snodde.

J. H. Wellington.—Nominated by J. H. Grayson, R. Bogue, J. U. Munns, R. Beard, Jas. Cline.

J. C. Hamilton.—Nominated by A. Hitchcock, M. J. McLeod, O. Field B. Fletcher.

J. T. Simpson.—Nominated by W. B. Willoughby, J. H. Smith, H. U. Robinson, O. B. Fyeh, W. C. Sanders, G. K. Smith.

John Franks.—Nominated by John Rutherford, A. K. Turnbull, A. Wilson, B. Fletcher, M. J. McLeod.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Jas. M. Simington.—Nominated by Messrs. J. C. Hamilton, T. W. Robinson, A. Hitchcock.

W. N. Mitchell.—Nominated by R. Bogue, J. W. Wellington, H. U. Robinson, W. C. Sanders.—Nominated by W. B. Willoughby, H. U. Robinson.

Wm. Grayson.—Nominated by J. C. Hamilton, T. W. Robinson, A. Hitchcock.

"DOC" JOHNSTONE KILLED

A FATAL ACCIDENT AT PORTAL LAST NIGHT.

Brakeman "Doc." Johnstone Slips and Falls Under the Engine While Switching and is Cut in Two—He Was a Favorite of All Who Knew Him.

This morning our townspeople were startled with the announcement that brakeman J. Johnstone, familiarly known as "Doc." Johnstone, was killed. At time of writing full particulars of the sad accident are not to hand, but as far as can be learned it appears that he and Engineer Jeff. Jackson were switching in the North Portal yard about 23 o'clock. "Doc." slipped and fell across the rail and the engine, which was close at hand, passed over his body, cutting him in two.

Deceased was in his twenty-fifth year and came to Moose Jaw from Hamilton, Ont., about a year ago. A few weeks ago he lost a finger while coupling cars in the yard and had only resumed work a short time. He was a dentist by profession and came west to look for an opening. Not being able to find one to his liking he went railroading. He was a member of the Hamilton Presbyterian church and at last communion joined the Moose Jaw Presbyterian church by certificate. Until recently he was a member of the choir and was always a welcome number on any programme. During his year's sojourn in Moose Jaw he won a large number of friends, who are deeply moved over his untimely death.

The remains arrived from North Portal on this morning's train, which was several hours late, and will be taken to his home in Hamilton this evening.

Accepted.

He—"Dearest, the tire of my heart has been punctured by the tacks of your charms. Be mine and let us ride tandem through life."

She—"How sweet and strange! You have scorched my way to my affections, and I cannot back-pedal against your attractions. I surrender the handle-bar of my life into your hands, and am sure you will steer our united lives through the ever-varying vicissitudes of life. But, dearest, when we are married I want to make our home the scene of perfection, and to do this it will be absolutely necessary for us to economize by buying our groceries at The Model Grocery Store, where we can get the best of everything at money-saving prices.—Advt.

WITH PONTON.

EXTRAORDINARY SCENES AT THE BANK ROBBERY TRIAL.

Judge Ferguson Delivers a Calm and Impartial Charge—The Judge and Crown Officials Insulted.

Napaneé, Dec. 2.—To-day has been certainly the most exciting in the history of Napaneé; what to-morrow may prove remains to be seen. For the first time in its history the riot act has been read in town, and insults offered to the representative of justice. Probably no real harm has been done, but the excitement has been so intense this evening, that many men seemed to be accountable for their acts.

The excitement was intense when the court resumed after the noon recess, and it was with the utmost difficulty that the judge, lawyers and press men could get to their places, even with the aid of the police. As soon as Mr. Osler had closed his powerful address, Judge Ferguson delivered his charge. He carefully reviewed the whole evidence, and pointed out that if Ponton gave up the combination of the safe he was wholly guilty. He warned the jury, in his closing words, to base their verdict entirely on the evidence and nothing else, and to consider the cases of each of the accused individually. His charge was clear and impartial, and not, as many had expected, tending against Ponton.

The jury retired at 4.40. A quarter past 6 o'clock the judge announced an interim adjournment until 8 o'clock.

At the hour for reassembling the court house was jammed to suffocation, and lawyers, police officers and press men had to literally fight their way through the crowd. All the corridors and stairways were black with people. In the court room the people were packed like sardines, and all were at keeping order was abandoned. Outside the court house was a surging, shouting mass trying to get in. The crowd was, however, apparently quiet and good natured. When Judge Ferguson, at last, came to the bench he decided it was inadvisable to bring the prisoners from the jail, under the existing conditions, and he adjourned court until to-morrow morning. The crowd did not comprehend for some time what had been done, and refused to leave court, thinking the judge would continue the session. When at last they started out they were confronted by the outside crowd endeavoring to get in, and it was with the utmost difficulty the court house was at last cleared.

The crowd was so lively, and so evidently strongly in favor of Ponton, that the crown officials began to grow apprehensive of a riot for the judge and his officials.

Judge Ferguson, the crown counsel, R. B. Osler, County Crown Attorney Harrington and the court stenographer were escorted to their hotel by a body of police, headed by Provincial Detective Greer and Chief of Police Adams. Insults were freely offered his lordship but no suggestion of violence. The judge was then escorted to a barber shop, where he was met by the sheriff and chief of police. A crowd gathered outside and made finally such menacing demonstrations that the patience of the judge was exhausted and he ordered the sheriff to read the riot act. This was done and had a somewhat sobering effect on the crowd, which gradually calmed down and melted away, content to await the verdict in the morning.

Napaneé people say it was outsiders who made the trouble so objectionable, and this may well be true for the town is packed with all sorts of characters from the surrounding country. The police are spending an anxious night and a careful watch is being kept on the jail building.

WELL RID OF THEM.

A Prominent Spanish Merchant Glad That Spain Has Lost Her Colonies.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 2.—Thomas Este, a member of a prominent firm of grain and cotton importers of Barcelona, Spain, was a visitor at the Merchants' Exchange in this city to-day. In the course of some remarks he said: "I am firmly convinced that the loss of our colonies will in the end prove a blessing to Spain, although temporarily it will prove a hardship to many interests. With a good government Spain will now be more prosperous than for many years, as her colonies have been more of a burden than a blessing for some time, and the people will be forced to develop the vast resources in the endeavor to make as much as possible out of the colonies. The Philippines were really not of much benefit to Spain, as the commerce of these islands was controlled by England and Germany and Spain's business with the islands was controlled by England and Germany and Spain's business with the islands was comparatively light; how light you may judge from the fact that there was only one steamer a month between Spain and Manila. These islands were really a burden, and I do not envy the United States for the acquisition of them. Of course we did large business with Cuba, but of late years there has been so much trouble with that island that the expenses at the revenue, and I think we are well rid of it also."

Clyde Ship Building.

Glasgow, Dec. 1.—The returns of the Clyde ship building industry, published to-day, show the best record for ten years, both as regards launching and work in hand. During the past eleven months 146 vessels, representing 280,000 tons, have been launched, as compared with 222 vessels, aggregating 278,000 tons last year. Fifty thousand tons of shipping have been booked for construction this month and the naval work in hand is the greatest ever known.

The Roseland mines shipped 3,500 tons of ore last week.

THE PEACE CONDITIONS.

Thirteen Articles Submitted to the Commission for Settlement.

Paris, Nov. 30.—There were thirteen articles laid before the two commissions today, covering the following:

First—The relinquishment of sovereignty over and claims of title to Cuba.

Second—The cession of Porto Rico and other Spanish possessions in the West Indies, together with Guam in the Philippines.

Third—The cession of the Philippines.

Fourth—The terms of the evacuation of the Philippines.

Fifth—The pledge of the United States to preserve order in the Philippines, pending the ratification of the treaty.

Sixth—The release of military prisoners mutually.

Seventh—The cession by Spain of the island of Kusaie, or Strong Island, in the Carolines.

Eighth—The mutual relinquishment of indemnity claims.

Ninth—The religious freedom of the Carolines, assuring the rights of United States missionaries there.

Tenth—Cable landing rights at points within the Spanish jurisdiction.

Eleventh—The release by Spain of political prisoners for offenses in Cuba and the Philippines.

Twelfth—The pledge of the United States to inaugurate in the Philippines an "open door" policy and to guarantee the same to Spain for at least twelve years.

Thirteenth—A revival of the treaties broken by the war.

The first three articles were mutually agreed upon today, as was also the embodying the terms of the evacuation of the Philippines, which will be practically the same as in the evacuation of Cuba or Porto Rico. The mutual release of military prisoners was agreed upon. Spain liberating the rebel prisoners and the United States liberating the Manila garrison and the Spaniards held by Aguinaldo. The political prisoners to be released by Spain are such as are now in exile at Ceuta, in Morocco, or at other Spanish penal settlements. Daily sessions will be held hereafter, and it is now believed that the work may possibly be concluded this week, although so early a termination is not probable. The foregoing list of subjects under consideration does not show the precise order in which the articles were laid before the Spanish commissioners today, and in fact only eight of the thirteen were discussed. Four points arose regarding which the Spaniards desire to consult Madrid, and two upon which the United States commissioners will consult Washington.

Sharkey Accepts.

New York, Nov. 29.—Yesterday in a published interview Corbett was quoted as saying that he was willing to fight Sharkey again for nothing provided he was allowed training expenses. Today Tom O'Rourke, Sharkey's manager, issued the following card: "Corbett has stated that he will fight Sharkey for nothing if allowed training expenses. Sharkey accepts, providing the proceeds go to the poor as a Christmas gift, the press to form a committee, who will distribute the money. Let Corbett name the time, which must not be later than two weeks hence."

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NINE LIVES LOST.

Steamer Alsworth Goes Down During a Gale on Kootenay Lake.

Nelson, B. C., Nov. 30.—The Alsworth, a small steamer plying between Nelson and Bonner's Ferry, was wrecked last night during a storm on Kootenay lake, six of her crew and six of her crew and three passengers being drowned. The Alsworth left Nelson last evening on her regular trip and when about six miles south of Pilot Bay and about two and a half miles from shore, during a heavy sea, she was struck by a squall and commenced taking in water. The captain headed her for shore, but she keeled over on her side, filling immediately.

Captain Lean, First Engineer Kane and J. Donnelly, a deck hand, reached shore in the lifeboat. The balance of the crew, whose names are as follows, were drowned.

Perry, mate; James McNeill, fireman; John Gurn, steward; Jos. Davies, deck hand; C. Hume, cook; and the second engineer, whose name cannot be learned at present.

The passengers drowned were Chas. Campbell, a merchant of Kuskanoak, and two Italians of Kuskanoak.

The Alsworth was owned by Braden Bros., of the Pilot Bay smelter.

A Murderer Confesses.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 30.—John Hancock, who has just been taken to San Quentin to serve a ten years' sentence for burglary, has confessed that he and Winifred Myers murdered Dr. Engelke and Pete Edmiston on the desert in Southern Nevada over a year ago. Hancock says the crime was planned by the women with the object of securing the horses attached to the wagon belonging to their victims in order that they might continue their journey to Salt Lake, their own horses being fagged out. Miss Myers, now Mrs. Cross, recently made a statement accusing Hancock of both murders and asserting her own innocence.

M'KINLEY'S TACTICS.

How U. S. Senators May be Persuaded to Favor Reciprocity.

Toronto, Nov. 30.—The Globe's correspondent at Washington says considerable difficulty will be encountered by President McKinley in securing the adhesion of prominent Republican senators to a reasonable reciprocity schedule, but those behind the scene think he will succeed. He will apply with force to his records as a consistent protectionist, and he also can use this expansion lever to great advantage. The most convincing argument of all, however, says the correspondent, and the one most frequently used is that the necessities of the world of politics require close co-operation and cordial understanding between the British empire and the American republic. A full and satisfactory settlement of outstanding difficulties will be the best way of serving a notice upon the other powers that henceforth the Anglo-Saxon race is to be reckoned with as a unit on all matters in which co-operation will be of mutual advantage. To the foreign powers failure in the present negotiations would look like an abandonment of the Anglo-American entente, and Republican senators, who take an attitude such as must inevitably lead to a break down, need not look for much favor at the hands of President McKinley. The correspondent says the Canadians have made free lumber an essential to any treaty framed, and hints at it being doubtful if the Canadian commissioners would sign a treaty on any other point if this is not yielded.

Cards have been issued by the British ambassador and Lady Pamflett for an evening reception on December 12. This, it is said, will be the most elaborate of the many entertainments given in honor of the commissioners in Washington.

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The first three articles were mutually agreed upon today, as was also the embodying the terms of the evacuation of the Philippines, which will be practically the same as in the evacuation of Cuba or Porto Rico. The mutual release of military prisoners was agreed upon. Spain liberating the rebel prisoners and the United States liberating the Manila garrison and the Spaniards held by Aguinaldo. The political prisoners to be released by Spain are such as are now in exile at Ceuta, in Morocco, or at other Spanish penal settlements. Daily sessions will be held hereafter, and it is now believed that the work may possibly be concluded this week, although so early a termination is not probable. The foregoing list of subjects under consideration does not show the precise order in which the articles were laid before the Spanish commissioners today, and in fact only eight of the thirteen were discussed. Four points arose regarding which the Spaniards desire to consult Madrid, and two upon which the United States commissioners will consult Washington.

Sharkey Accepts.

New York, Nov. 29.—Yesterday in a published interview Corbett was quoted as saying that he was willing to fight Sharkey again for nothing provided he was allowed training expenses. Today Tom O'Rourke, Sharkey's manager, issued the following card: "Corbett has stated that he will fight Sharkey for nothing if allowed training expenses. Sharkey accepts, providing the proceeds go to the poor as a Christmas gift, the press to form a committee, who will distribute the money. Let Corbett name the time, which must not be later than two weeks hence."

TELEGRAPHIC REVIVITIES.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 5.—Of the bodies at the North Grove street morgue three have been identified. One is that of Fred A. Brown, of Portland, identified by his brother, Walter H. Brown, another that of a man named Allen, of Philadelphia, recognized by his brother-in-law, and the third as that of Eva M. Totten, formerly of Smallville but recently removed to Portland.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—The wires throughout the west are either down or storm bound. Up to midnight Detroit and other cities east have not been reached by telegraph or telephone. No serious damage except to wires has been reported.

Buffalo, Dec. 5.—Tonight for the first time in many years telegraph communication between Buffalo and New York has at times been entirely suspended.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 5.—All day terrific storms have raged all over the state, particularly in the northern part. Going thousands of dollars' worth of damage.

Toledo, Ohio, Dec. 5.—The first storm on Lake Erie this season is in progress. A heavy snow has nearly cut this city off from the outside world. Wires are now down in every direction. Dozens of boats are in the bay and fears for the safety of many of them are entertained. The wind is blowing a gale over the lake.

New York, Dec. 2.—The sixth game of the chess match between Showalter and Janowski was played at the Manhattan chess club this afternoon, and resulted in a victory for Showalter after forty-seven moves.

Washington, Dec. 2.—A cablegram received at the state department today says the revolution in Salvador is ended.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—In the case of Link Thayer, the first of the six alleged Great Northern train robbers to be tried, the jury at Fergus Falls at 10:30 tonight brought in a verdict of guilty. Thayer will be sentenced to-morrow.

London, Dec. 2.—In order to relieve the distress in the West Indies the government has decided to grant Barbados \$200,000 and St. Vincent \$125,000, and to lend each the sum of \$250,000.

Washington, Dec. 2.—General Miles has prepared the draft of a bill providing for a regular standing army of 100,000 men. The bill, it is expected, will provide for an organization of twelve companies to the regiment, with an arrangement for a third lieutenant for each company in case of need for that officer.

New York, Dec. 2.—The North German Lloyd line steamers Werra and Fulda sailed today for Havana, where they will take on Spanish officers and soldiers for Cadiz.

London, Dec. 2.—Mr. Geo. E. Welby, secretary of the British legation at Brussels, has been appointed minister to Colombia in place of Sir Chas. Egan Smith, who has resigned on account of illness.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 2.—The safe of the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa, which has lain for some time in the navy yard here, was opened yesterday, and was found to be filled with bags of Spanish and American gold and silver coins. It is estimated that the value of the treasure will reach \$75,000. The money will be turned over to the proper officials, and the safe will be sent to the national museum at Washington.

Murders His Paramour.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 1.—A sailor named Donald Farrier last night murdered in a most horrible manner his paramour, Jennie Rogers, a woman of the demi-monde, at New Westminster. The woman was hacked and cut in a ghastly fashion. The murderer is apprehended and safe in goal. The motive was jealousy.

The United States consul, Colonel Dudley, has received a letter from Colonel McCook, consul at Dawson, asking that an effort be made to secure a Royal Humane society medal for Joseph Fortis, or "Joe," the popular barkeeper of the Alhambra hotel, for his gallant rescue of Vice-Consul Burke last June.

The circumstances of the rescue are briefly these: McCook, with young Burke, was in Vancouver last May en route to Dawson to fill the new post of United States consul and vice-consul respectively for the gold fields' capital. The evening on which they sailed both gentlemen were indulging in a swim at English bay, when young Burke suddenly sank and had gone down the third time. Joe's attention was called to him. Without a moment's hesitation Joe Fortis struck out for the spot and diving below succeeded in rescuing him.

Simla, India, Dec. 1.—It is reported that the "Mad Fakir" or "Mad Mullah," has defeated the forces of the Nadir of Dir.

Forty-eight ships will be added to the French navy in 1899 and twenty-one in 1900.

Long Lived Germans.

It is interesting to recall the extraordinary longevity of the three founders of the German empire. William I was 91, Moltke was also 91 and Bismarck was 83, but indeed all the most illustrious Germans of the latter half century have been long lived. Ranke was 91; Curtius was 73; Mommsen is 81. The great Geibel was 70, Wagner was 70, Liszt 75, and the present chancellor is 77.

Catching Cold.

Jones—Which travels the faster, heat or cold?

Lones—Heat, of course. You cannot catch heat, but you can catch cold.—New York Journal.

THE VIRGIN ISLANDS.

A FIELD FOR THE PHOTOGRAPHER AND THE SCIENTIST AS WELL.

The Least Known and Fairest of the Caribbean Islands—Pathetic Ruin Amid the Most Magnificent Scenery—The Triumph of Nature—The Trail of Earthquake A Magnificent Panorama.

Recent events have brought the entire chain of the Antilles, both the Greater and the Lesser, under the immediate notice of all English-speaking people. Tourist syndicates have made the tauties of the larger islands somewhat known, but it must be said that from an artistic point of view, the palm easily rests with the smaller islands, where the elevations are more apparent in the perspective and the tendency is toward a grouping together, for all the world as though the formation of the whole wonderful island chain had been determined by the law that governs the movement of solid fragments on a liquid surface. And, regarded in this light, there is no other section of the West Indies more calculated to awaken human sympathies by a display of pathetic decadence and ruin side by side with the most superb exhibitions of panoramic loveliness than the compact little archipelago of the Virgin Islands, extending northwesterly from Vieques or Crab Island, to the eastern point of Puerto Rico, to Anegada on the borders of the Atlantic, and which includes on its outskirts the well-known island of St. Thomas.

With the exception of Tortola, St. Thomas and St. Croix, if the latter can be fairly included, neither of which is, however, of any size, the islands are so small as to amount to little more than islets or quays. But what they lack longitudinally they for the most part make up vertically. Of volcanic origin—whether of subsidence or upheaval being a moot point—they rise sheer from the bed of the sea, reaching up to several hundred and sometimes over a thousand feet above sea level, presenting broken and diversified surfaces covered with rich soil that supports abundant tropical vegetation in some instances, whilst elsewhere a coral formation prevails and the soil is highly arancaceous, supporting nothing but cactus and palms and cacti. Geography books state that there are 50 "Virgins," all told; that, however, may be taken not only as "round," but a rather fancy number; for whilst there are numerous enough, and as bewildering as a Chinese puzzle to sail amongst, including rocks and naked shoals, and the islands worthy the name, as supporting populations, may be counted on the fingers of one hand, if we exclude the Danish colonies of St. Thomas and St. John. These are Tortola, the queen of the group; Virgin Gorda, Jos van Dyke, Peter's Island and Salt Island.

The group was discovered by Columbus on the feast of the Annunciation, hence the name. Their first European inhabitants were planters, the innumerable channels, inlets, lagoons, volcanic caverns and what not affording the essential elements of concealment and security. A good deal of treasure has, in point of fact, been found there from time to time.

In 1628 the islands were a hot-bed of piracy. Blue Beard and Black Beard, for instance, were active there.

The most wonderful skull in the world is that possessed by a man who calls himself Ferrum Gigas, and is now exhibiting in America. On it a rock weighing over one hundred pounds can be blasted to bits with dynamite. Gigas begets his performance with three exhibitions the last of which he gave in the city of New York. He first bands an iron bar one and a quarter inches in diameter on his naked skull. When Gigas does this a surprising phenomenon is noticed by anyone who happens to stand at his side. The bone bends and forms a sort of groove or furrow in the top of the head. Next comes his great performance. The huge rock is brought in. It is drilled through the top and charged with dynamite. A quick-burning fuse protrudes from the drill-hole. The rock, thus charged, is placed in a heavy wrought iron cage, with solid top and bottom. The sides of the cage are surrounded by a strong steel wire netting, to prevent the splintered rock from flying out at the explosion. The rock and cage combined weigh over 300 pounds. Four men lift it to Ferrum Gigas' head. The fuse is lighted, and begins to splutter. Then the crash comes, and the rock is shattered by the shock. Dynamite explodes downwards as well as upwards, and any ordinary man's head would be shattered like the stone by the shock. But not Gigas'. He turns quickly and throws the cage on to a table, swings the cover down, and the shattered granite falls out on the floor.

THE TRAIL OF AN EARTHQUAKE.

forded it in St. Thomas, and their rival and worse foe, Jose van Dyke, reigned in Tortola. Those were stirring days. International rights were rather loosely observed. The islands really belonged to Spain, but as she could not deal with these nests of pirates England and Denmark set about doing it for her—and, driving out the pirates, hoisted their respective flags and took possession. Tortola proved a rich acquisition for England, being a first-class sugar island in those days of high prices and slave labor, and it soon became a flourishing colony, whilst its neighbor, St. Thomas, with its matches harbor, although economically worthless, became the entrepot of the Lesser Antilles and a rival of Port Royal.

The subsequent history of these islands is that of the West Indies. Only, perhaps, that their decadence and ruin has been both more precipitous and more complete. If to-day St. Thomas is but the shadow of its former self, Tortola has not even the shadow which might console its spirit. Of all the once fair and flourishing plantations, that under the little island one continuous garden of economical vegetation "from the center to the hand of the sea," not one remains. The hand of decay has been laid heavily on the land, and the shadow of desolation covers it as a cloud. The fields are covered by forests at least a quarter of a century old; the jungle has invaded formerly populous villages; and even in the capital, Road Town, the halls of the once opulent colonists are crumbling ruin and eloquent witnesses to the speedy triumph of nature over the works of man in the tropics. From 30,000 the population has dwindled to scarce as many hundreds.

This utter ruin is partly due to economic causes, but more immediately so to the terrific seismic visitation of 1867 above mentioned incidentally. That, to a great extent, changed the very face of the islands, leaving great trails behind that can be seen to this day—the earth coverings of mountains sweeps into the sea here, leaving the great rugged rock bare, and the very bowels of others collapsing there, leaving vast and repulsive crater-like chasms, where even tropical vegetation refuses to grow. And the springs were all dried up, so that aridness has succeeded fertility.

But the Virgin Islands are yet a veritable fairyland of scenic beauty. This ver-

haps goes without saying, when one gives thought to the panoramic possibilities of those varying combinations of sea and landscape that must appertain to such a group. Tortola and Virgin Gorda, as the loftiest, present the finest and most extensive prospects; and possibly nowhere else can be found quite so magnificent a panorama of land and sea as that seen from the heights behind Road



A MAGNIFICENT PANORAMA.

Harbor at sunrise, looking through the mouth of the harbor to the island chain beyond. Here, during the phenomenon of sunrise, literally all the possible lights and shades of nature are seen marching in gorgeous procession over land and sea, to which superb display both elements lend themselves in a perfect game of perspective gradations—if I may so describe it, three to five hundred feet higher and the spectator has the entire panorama of the Virgins spread out before, behind and on either hand.

Another interesting, and far more important, feature of the Virgin Islands that must be here noticed is the thermal and medicinal springs that occur—according to the accounts of the natives—to have come into existence after the great earthquake. So far they have not been scientifically investigated. The natives claim that these "nasty waters," used both externally and internally, have, in their experience, wrought miraculous cures for all sorts of ailments to which tropical flesh is heir; notably rheumatism, neuralgia, pains, sprains

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW. N.W.T.

WAITING FOR DEATH.

Some of General Greeley's Awful Experiences in the Arctic.

"The new year of 1884 was only 19 days old when death came for the first time," writes General A. W. Greeley in The Ladies' Home Journal, telling the awful experiences of his Arctic exploring party at Cape Sabine. "For 40 days we had all lived and kept together, but death was inevitable. Our coming was sure to some, if not to all. Our only wonder was it had not come sooner. Only the day before we were comrades at work. We said little. Only one man so far forgot that he was a soldier as to make the faintest sign."

"But the nearness of the end touched as all. Speech became lower, actions gentler, determined faces grew softer, and consolation was the spirit of the hour. Who would go next was the question written on each face. Not a man ventured to say to his fellow, 'This is the end.' How that eternal question, always so unanswerable, seemed to be even more of a mystery to us! The Easter sun had hardly set before the second fell before death. A day after, and the third succumbed. Then on the fourth. One by one they were dropping at our side. The fifth followed quickly to solve the problem of futurity. Then the sixth comrade passed."

And now we felt that we were all waiting the summons, one by one. We scarcely looked at each other, and the wretchedness was all against us. But the fortunes of war sometimes change at the most critical moment. Strive and do, do and strive until death, were the mottoes of our hunters, and one day nearly 500 pounds of bear and seal meat came into the Arctic camp. It was a great joy which that meat brought to us. Who can tell but those that had? Something to eat—something to keep life!"

BERLIN'S DRUG STORES.

Curious Names Bestowed by Apothecaries on Their Shops.

The German drug store is always a mystery to the American when he first becomes one of its customers. It is not nearly so comprehensive as the American institution of the same kind. The apothecary's department, which is only one feature of the American drug store, is an independent establishment in Germany and is devoted to the filling of prescriptions and the duties of the apothecary. The "droguerie," quite a separate place, provides half the articles customarily found here in the drug store. It is to the droguerie that one must go for soap, toothbrushes, drugs in the pure and all of the articles not dealt in by the apothecary. The division may be a convenient one after the mysteries have been mastered, but it is confusing at first.

Another peculiarity of the apothecaries is that most of them have names displayed. That custom dates from the earliest days of their history. The old names of the shops have survived to some extent, although the purely fantastic names have given place to others better suited to the commercial exigencies of modern times. The city town possesses 161 shops of apothecaries, and many have adopted names taken from the street, square or region in which they are situated. There are 56 of these, and 19 are known only by the names of their proprietors. Nineteen are named after birds, the eagle having been named in its honor. There are all sorts of eagles among these—black, red and white. Other names include wild animals, mythological names, such as Minerva and Flora, and royal titles like Friedrich and Augusta Victoria. Most curious are those called after famous historical personages, such as Arminius, Roland and Siegfried.—Exchange.

The Kaiser as a Humorist.

We went up to the Kiel Yacht club to see the presentation of prizes by his majesty. He was in particularly jolly humor, and his speeches of presentation were most happily spoken. One prize winner, a little German officer, fully realized the importance of the occasion and was the more easily embarrassed when with cap in one hand and sword in the other he stood ready to receive his prize—a pair of large vases.

At the close of the Kaiser's speech he handed the vases to the little officer, who hurriedly put cap under one arm, sword under the other and received them, whereupon the Kaiser insisted upon his hands in congratulation, much to the embarrassment, chagrin and bliss of the winner and the shouts of laughter from every one else, led by his majesty.

The next winner was given a liquor and receipt of it to drink from all 13 glasses alone.—Outing.

ENCOURAGED IN HIS MUSIC.

The Hardworking Amateur, Sent to the Barn and Fined Appreciation.

"I'll tell you of the only encouragement I ever received since I began to play the violin, and that's many years," said a hardworking amateur the other night as he stretched his neck toward his music stand to make out a difficult movement which he was trying to play.

"Let's hear it," said his friend, for it was a blessing to have him stop playing. "Well, it was this way: I was spending my vacation at my music teacher's house in the Adirondacks. One day after practicing some hours on the same piece that you heard me playing now my teacher came to my room and suggested that there was a nice place to practice in the barn, and by doing so I was obliged to her and her mother, who was sick in the adjacent room. Well, of course, I felt somewhat hurt, but was not going to lose my daily practice to the barn. I got into the hayloft and began to play. In about half an hour I was surrounded by rats that squealed and cut up all sorts of capers. I often heard of animals being charmed by music, but nothing could make me believe it until now."

"Well, do you know, I never was so happy in my life, to think that all my time was not wasted in trying to be a musician? I always like rats since then, and I was tempted to trap my barn audience for future use. I was pleased to see that I had at last charmed some one with my music. I felt like catching them all and bringing them home for future encouragement."—New York Tribune.

The Worst Mistake.

"Every man is likely to make mistakes in public as in private life," said the charitable man. "Yes," answered Senator Sorghum. "But there are some mistakes for which there is no excuse." "For example?" "Well, about the worst is owning up after you have made one."—Washington Star.

On a War Footing.

"What's making that jarring noise in the room overhead?" "It's a meeting of strikers. They're kicking for higher wages." The questioner was silent a moment. Then he sighed dismally. "Another revenue stamp," he said, as the applause seemed to break loose again.—Chicago Tribune.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows: "I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated. Hearing of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being so specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store. They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxative Pills cure Bilelessness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

Dangers of Pony Express Riding.

In The Century there is an article on "The Pony Express," between St. Joseph, Mo., and San Francisco, written by W. F. Bailey. The author says:

Considering the danger encountered, the percentage of fatalities was extraordinarily small. Far more station employees than riders were killed by the Indians, and even of the latter more were killed off duty than on. This can be explained by the fact that the horses furnished the riders, selected as they were for speed and endurance, were far superior to the mounts of the Indians.

There is only one case on record where a rider was caught, and that was owing to his having been surrounded. This occurred in Nebraska, along the Platte river. He was shot, and several days later his body was found. His pony, still bridled and saddled, was also found with the mail intact. It was transferred to another horse and soon forwarded to its destination. In laying out the route through the Indian country pains were taken to avoid any situation that would afford cover for an ambush of foes.

One of the greatest dangers encountered by the pony express riders was from immigrants and others who mistook them for Indians. In those days it was shoot first and investigate afterward, provided the shooter survived to make an investigation. A number of the riders met their death in this way, being mistaken for Indians, horse thieves or road agents. It is a strange but notable fact that the Indians often stood and saw the daring riders fly past without offering to molest them. There was a mystery about it that made it "bad medicine" to interfere with them. Superstitions as they were, they seldom bothered with anything that they could not understand.

What He Had on His Mind.

He—There is something I have wanted to say to you for a long, long time. She (demurely)—Well, don't—don't you think this is as good a time as—as any to say it? He—That mole on the left side of your nose—I know a surgeon who can remove such things without a bit of danger. She—He adjourned sine die that evening.—Chicago News.

Italy's Poor.

Marvelous economy is practiced by the poor of Italy in looking after the wants of the inner man. Coffee grounds from the wealthy man's kitchen are dried and resold to the poor. In a similar way oil is twice, and sometimes three times used, the drippings after each successive frying being gathered from the pan and sold to the poor.

Consistent Indolence.

"Wot'de de use o' wakin' up dis way at 5 o'clock in de mornin'?" inquired Flooding Pete indignantly. "Well," answered Meandering Mike, "I take so much comfort out o' doin' nothin' dat I t'ought I'd like to git an early start."—Washington Star.

Queer Postal Rule.

One of the peculiarities of postoffice rules is that a postmaster cannot accept postage stamps for postage due on letters at destination.

SPANISH OMELET.

Spanish poets note that "the melancholy days" red a few months earlier than usual in their part of the world.—Washington Star.

Spain ought not to waste any more money on a new navy until she is assured that the peace commission can agree on terms.—New York Press.

The order which Spain has given for 2,500 American trumpets has created a desire to know what that country has to blow about.—Kansas City Star.

Hawthorne as a Student.

A correspondent of the Brunswick (Me.) Telegraph says: "Hawthorne, when a student in college, boarded with the mother of the writer, and we often went fishing for trout in what is now known as Mall brook. At that time the students called it Hawthorne's brook. He was rather reserved in manner, and had but few associates. When in college, he was not over 5 feet 8 inches in height. It was the custom at that time for the students when they met President Allen to raise their hats. Hawthorne and John Hodgdon, it was said, were brought up among the Friends, and they did not raise their hats when passing the president. Hawthorne was summoned before the president for this neglect, and I have forgotten whether he was suspended or escaped with only a reprimand."

A Financier.

"Briggins makes money by establishing creameries in country towns, does he?" "That's it. His agent works up a creamery enterprise in some small town, and Briggins goes there the next year, buys up the machinery for a song and sells it to some village where they have never had a creamery."—Chicago Tribune.

Took the Hint.

"Just by way of a hint, you know, I told her she looked sweet enough to kiss." "Well?" "Well, she said that was the way she intended to look." "And so?" "Precisely."—Chicago Post.

CONSUMPTION.

What a Well-Known Medical Journal Says About the King of Diseases. "This is essentially an age of scientific progress. Science advances so hand in hand, thanks to a distinguished chemist, 'consumption' is riddled of its terrors, deprived of its uncertainties, and this itself is disease can first be relieved and then cured. But to accomplish a cure that is final and effective there must be constant persistence in treatment and right living. The sufferer must take the right medical relief, rightly administered. By the labor, skill and research of an eminent chemist, T. A. Locum, consumption can be both relieved and cured."—Medical Tribune.

The free sample bottles of the Locum Cure will be sent to any sufferer from consumption, lung or throat troubles or general debility, if name, address and express office are sent to T. A. Locum, 176 King Street West, Toronto, Ont. This is a genuine offer, and if the reader is a sufferer, send at once for the free samples and mention this paper.

Proverb Revised.

Watts—Why don't you save your money? Yabaley—Somehow, I can't. With me, a penny made is a penny burned.—Indianapolis Journal.

Good Reason.

Author—But why do you charge me more for printing this time than usual? Publisher—Because the compositors were constantly falling asleep over your novel.—Metropolitan.

Decidedly.

Blinks—Is there anything worse than to attempt to be witty and fail? Winks—Yes—to attempt to be dishonest and not succeed.—U's to Date.

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Matthias Foley, Oil City, Ont. Joseph Snow, Norway, Me. Chas. Whooten, Mulgrave, N. S. Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N. S. Pierre Landry, senr., Pokemouche, N. B. Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N. B.

The pleasantest things in the world

are pleasant thoughts, and the greatest art in life is to have as many of them as possible.

A Shower of Hats and Shoes.

Charles F. W. Miegatz contributes "A Boy's Recollections of the Great Chicago Fire" to St. Nicholas. Mr. Miegatz says:

Once, for a few minutes, I thought it was all over with me. The flames sprang from the middle of the block, on the east side of Wells street between Washington and Randolph, to the middle of the block between Randolph and Lake streets. Here a remarkable thing happened. At the northwest corner of Wells and Lake streets I stopped for a moment to catch my breath and to look back. At the southeast corner there was a boot and shoe shop, which had a glass front on the rear alley, similar to that on the street front, but not so elaborate. The fire struck this alley front with a force that swept the boots and shoes through the shop and into the street in a flash. A tongue of flame shot out, rolled across the street and kindled a tar kettle and a barrel, such as pavers use, bringing with it a shower of boots and shoes. Almost at the same instant the fire threw itself against a hat factory, a few doors east of the boot and shoe shop. It hit the rear of the building with the same impelling force, and the hats flew up into the air like spray.

Our Immense Railway System.

The railway system in the United States employs 36,000 locomotives, 26,000 passenger cars and 8,000 mail and baggage cars. These figures seem large till the number of freight cars is stated, which is 1,250,000. A passenger train consisting of locomotive, tender, baggage and six passenger cars, with their contents, is estimated to weigh about 184 tons. Freight trains sometimes reach a weight of 550 tons. An ordinary passenger car costs from \$4,000 to \$5,000 and a sleeping car anywhere from \$10,000 to \$20,000. The system, with its gigantic equipment, is practically the growth of a single generation. With the additions of another quarter or half a century posterity ought to stand and gaze at its stupendous proportions. But it will probably be gradually educated out of all its capacities of wonder, as we have been out of many of our own.—New York Tribune.

Minard's Liniment is the best.

England carries about 58 per cent. of the sea-borne merchandise of the world.

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Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomingdale, Ont.

W. R. ALLAN,

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Awarded Diplomas at Toronto, London and Other Exhibitions, 1898.

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Is adapted to Private Residences, Public Buildings, Hotels, School Houses and Summer Resorts. Can be placed in attic or cellar, bath room or outside kitchen, or in any place where there is a flue or chimney. The price being low places it within reach of all. A post card will secure Illustrated Pamphlet. Address

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ELECTRIC BELT

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

To men suffering from any Weakness, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Nervousness, etc., send for my book which is Sent Sealed Free. It tells how I can cure the most stubborn cases without the use of Drugs.

Call and consult me Free—or if you do not live near enough write for the book to-day. Address

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 St. James Street, - Montreal.

EARN A WATCH

Earn this valuable Watch, Chain and Charm by selling twenty Topaz Scarf Pins, a 15 cent article, and your address and your Premium List, postpaid. No money required. These Pins will also sell themselves, for the Topaz has all the brilliancy of the best diamonds, and has never before been offered at this price. The Watch is neat in appearance, thoroughly well made, and fully guaranteed. Unsold Pins may be returned. Mention this paper when writing.

THE GEM PIN CO., Freehold Building, Toronto, Ont.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

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JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1898.

THE POOLED TOWNSITES.

Concerning the decision of the Government to take action in regard to the townsites, the Regina Leader says:

By instituting action to determine the tenure of the corporation known as the Townsite Trustees, the Interior Department is putting an end to an unfair condition which affected only comparatively few, it is true, but which very well illustrated the mistaken direction of the whole policy of the late Conservative Government regarding the development of the West. A short time ago The Leader pointed out that whatever might be urged against Mr. Sifton's administration of the Yukon or other branches of his work, at all events it had to be admitted that in the duties legitimately belonging to the Interior Department his course and policy so far had been in the highest degree commendable, and in striking contrast to the course and policy of previous Ministers in that Department.

Our statement gathers emphasis from Mr. Sifton's decision to liquidate the townsite pool. The four towns of Virden, Qu'Appelle, Regina and Moose Jaw are affected. When the railway was built through and the west opened up these four townsites were pooled between the Government, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company and the North-West Land Company. Just how or why the townsite pool was created the public will likely never learn. That it was not created in the public interest is very certain. That it was a scheme for private profit is altogether probable. There were many such schemes engineered in relation to the North-West in the early eighties. The true history of the Conservative Government's dealings in the Territories in the boom days would be a record of shameful plans for the creation of private fortunes and disgraceful disregard of the public interest. The townsite pool presented the following public aspect:—The Dominion Government owned one-half interest; the Canadian Pacific Railway Company owned one-quarter interest, and the North-West Land Company owned one-quarter interest. The management of the pool was placed in the hands of a board called The Townsite Trustees. When the railway was first built and the towns were in the first flush of hope, sales of the Trustees' property were rapid. We do not know precisely, but believe that the total revenue from sales in the four townsites aggregated nearly one million dollars. Now, notwithstanding that the Government owned one-half interest, we have reason to believe that, at any rate until a recent date if at all, the Government failed to reap any benefit from the Trustees' revenue.

It was not long after the establishment of communities upon these townsites that local public interest was aroused in the operations of the pool. Municipal institutions and burdens, for common good, were assumed by the people in the towns and contributions for common good were made in the way of municipal taxes. Streets were drained and graded and sidewalks constructed, all tending to improve the value of all town property. Business men and private property owners soon recognized the fact that the taxes were inordinately high, the main reason being that considerable areas in the town were still held by the Trustees, who declined to contribute taxes. The trustees were holding their property to have its value enhanced by the public improvements made by the private property owners. It was a flagrantly unfair handicap to place upon municipal pioneers. Had the condition been the outcome of the scheme of a corporation alone, the unfairness would have been appreciated bitterly enough, but to have the Government of Canada passively interesting itself in a scheme which operated so unfairly against small and struggling communities made the conditions doubly bitter. A fight was made by the towns, and eventually—in 1889, the year that

Mr. J. W. Smith occupied the Mayor's chair in Regina—an arrangement was made by which the Trustees agreed to pay taxes upon one-quarter interest in their property. The arrangement really meant that taxes would be paid upon the interest of the North-West Land Co., which interest was legally assessable, while the Government's interest was not assessable, and in respect of the C. P. R. Co.'s interest it was contended that it stood in the same position as their Crown grant lands and was subject to the 20 years' exemption. Thus up to the present these four towns have been working under the handicap of having considerable areas of property upon which could be levied only one-quarter the amount of taxation levied against the property of private owners.

Representations urging relief were made repeatedly to the late Government, but without avail. The wrong was admitted by the Government, but no relief was granted. Time after time Mr. Davin was asked to endeavor to obtain relief and on a few occasions he made a pretence of urging the Government to end the condition. But Mr. Davin's efforts, whether whole-hearted or only half-hearted, accomplished nothing. The man who really deserves the credit for procuring action on the part of the Government is Mr. J. H. Ross, Moose Jaw's representative in the local legislature. Several years ago Mr. Ross went thoroughly into the subject. In 1894 he, with Mr. T. B. Baker, of Moose Jaw, went to Ottawa in behalf of the town of Moose Jaw, to press the case upon Sir John Thompson. The same year Sir (then Mr.) Wilfrid Laurier visited the West and Mr. Ross brought the townsite grievance to his attention with the result that Mr. Laurier made a public declaration at Moose Jaw condemning the principle of the Government dealing in land speculation and evading the taxation which private land speculators and ordinary property owners have to bear. Since the change of Government in 1896 Mr. Ross has not forgotten to keep the case of the pooled townsites before the authorities. His success in procuring action is the success of, and Mr. Sifton's decision to take action is a decision based upon, the Liberal principle of Government for the people, not for private and corporation greed.

One by one Mr. Sifton is correcting, as far as possible, the mistakes of the last administration. The North-West Territories will loyally support an energetic Minister in a difficult but admirable programme of reform.

HOLDING WHEAT.

The erratic course of the wheat market during the past crop year is largely responsible for the tendency now shown among farmers to hold their grain for higher prices. The situation during the past year was such as to warrant higher prices than had ruled during recent previous years, owing to the light world's crop and diminishing supplies. There was nothing, however, in the situation to warrant the tremendous advance in prices during the latter speculation. The market was a manipulated one, and it may be many years again before we shall witness such a high state of manipulation as was then made apparent. The farmers who got a taste of the high prices which were brought in this way, are loath to sell at the much lower values now ruling. They remember the tempting prices that were paid such a short time ago and they naturally hope that there may be an early recurrence of somewhat similar conditions. The many war rumors which have disturbed the world of late add further to the hope of the holders of grain that there may be another big advance in



if a woman walked bare-footed on the sharp edge of a sword, she would not undergo one-tenth of the agony daily borne by thousands of women without complaint. They suffer greater misery and pain than could be inflicted by all the professional torturers that the world ever knew. Day and night they are tormented from head to foot, dragging down and burning sensations, pains in the sides and back, hot and cold flashes, nervous and trembling sensations and physical lassitude and mental despondency. The whole body is tortured with pain and the entire nervous system is racked. If they consult the average obscure physician, he will attribute their bad feelings to stomach, liver, kidney, heart or nervous trouble. If, by accident, they meet upon the right chance, he will insist upon the disgusting examinations and local treatment so embarrassing to a sensitive, modest woman.

The real trouble is weakness or disease of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity. There is no necessity for examinations or local treatment. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all disorders of this nature in the privacy of the home. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong and well. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and tones and builds up the nerves. It stops exhausting drains. It banishes the discomforts of the expectant months, and makes baby's coming easy and almost painless. It restores the beauty and vivacity lost through long months of years of pain and suffering. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits. At all medicine stores. Avoid substitutes.

To cover customers' mailing only, send 31 one-cent stamps for paper-covered copy, or 50 for cloth bound copy, of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Address, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

prices, such as was experienced during the last crop year. As wheat in Manitoba is now ruling on a basis of winter freight rates it would seem that farmers who have good granary accommodation cannot run a very great risk of lower prices by holding for a while. At the same time it must be noted that, aside from possible war troubles or speculative manipulation, the outlook is not as favorable for holding wheat as it was a year ago. A year ago two exporting countries—Australia and India—were importing wheat, and crops were light in Europe. This year we have liberal crop returns from nearly all wheat countries. The cost of holding should also be taken into consideration.—Commercial.

When you look over the local news, turn to the inside pages for a history of the world's doings of a week. We are trying our utmost not only to turn out a good local, but a general newspaper as well, and the inside pages are replete with up-to-date current events, in a telegraphic form. You get the cream of the news in THE TIMES without wading through masses of detail to get the kernels of each item. That our efforts are appreciated, our ever-increasing subscription list proves.

The following table shows the amount of aid granted from the Dominion and Provincial Governments and the various municipalities, in the way of railway bonuses, up to the end of 1896:

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| Dom. Government..... | \$149,413,303 |
| Ont. Government..... | \$6,932,388 |
| Que. Government..... | \$14,522,869 |
| N. B. Government..... | \$1,450,489 |
| N. S. Government..... | \$1,487,109 |
| Man. Government..... | \$2,625,562 |
| B. C. Government..... | \$37,500 |
| Municipalities..... | \$14,494,757 |
| Total..... | \$193,964,607 |

Rev. J. Vining, Superintendent of Baptist Missions, who visited Moose Jaw last summer, has added his testimony to that of Dr. Robertson, regarding the progress made by the much-abused Galicians. While addressing the leading Baptist congregations of Ottawa, upon the home mission work of his church he stated that the progress of the Galician immigrants in the various settlements of his jurisdiction would surprise Canada, adding that these people were rapidly acquiring the spirit of the West. This testimony is fully borne out by the latest advices which indicate that these much maligned settlers have shown the greatest aptitude for adaptation to their new surroundings and an equal anxiety to educate their children, and generally to become good citizens.

At a political banquet recently held in Ontario an interesting finding of a statistician in respect of the infrequency of repeated re-election of representatives was given. Since 1867 no less than 1080 men offered as candidates for seats in the Ontario Assembly; of these 567 were never elected; 290 were elected but once; 112 were elected twice; 47 three times; 26 four times; 14 five times; 6 six times; 8 seven times; 2—ex-Speakers Baxter, of Cayuga, and the late Hon. Christopher Fraser—eight times; and only one, Premier, Hardy, nine times. This is a record of thirty years. Research in the Territorial archives would we imagine, show very similar percentages. The men who have been sent to the Assembly four or even three times are not many. Two members of the North-West Government, however, nearly approach Mr. Hardy's record. Notwithstanding the comparative youth of the Territories our local House contains two men who have been elected six and seven times respectively. Premier

Haultain was first elected in 1887, and was re-elected 1888, 1891, 1894, 1897 and 1898. Few representatives can look back over a record of five acclamations. Excepting in 1887 Mr. Haultain has never had a contest for his seat. Mr. Ross was first returned in 1883, and was re-elected in 1885, 1888, 1891, 1894, 1897 and 1898—seven times.—Regina Leader.

The last traffic returns of the two great Canadian railways show that the earnings of both roads have substantially increased since the beginning of the year. From the first of January to November 14th the C. P. R. earned \$22,662,533 this year as against \$21,045,341, an increase of \$1,617,192. During the same period this year the G. T. R. earned \$20,276,634 and last year \$19,712,041, an increase of \$564,593. Both railways are handling a vast amount of American grain from the west to the seaboard, the business having so increased that the G. T. R. will have sufficient to fill thirty large steamers during the last month of the year, which is a greater volume of trade in the one month than came to them during the entire season three years ago. Most of this will be American though the Canadian crop is now beginning to move towards the seaboard. Already over a million bushels have arrived at Owen Sound, and the Canadian Pacific Railway is running six or more loads daily from that point to Montreal. The freight business of the Grand Trunk also is exceptionally heavy and at the present time an average of twenty trains of twenty-five cars each are being dispatched eastward from the central yards at Toronto daily.

Mr. J. H. Wilcox Resigns.

At a regular meeting of the School Board held last Wednesday evening, Mr. J. H. Wilcox tendered his resignation as teacher of Senior Intermediate Department. In accepting the same the Board passed a resolution regretting his resignation and testifying to his being a well-qualified and efficient teacher. Mr. Wilcox leaves to-night for Winnipeg, where he has secured a position as mail clerk in the place of Mr. Geo. Cleverley, who has resigned. The School Board are calling for applications to fill the vacancy. Mr. Wm. Munns will act as teacher during the remainder of the term. Mr. Wilcox will be greatly missed in Moose Jaw, especially in entertainment and sporting circles.

The full intensity of living is reached only by the perfectly healthy. Sickness discounts the capacity for enjoyment. If his body is all out of order and run down, he will not be able to enjoy anything, no matter how full of enjoyment it may be for other people. If he is just a little bit out of order, if he "is not sick, but does not feel just right" he will only be able to enjoy things in a half-hearted sort of way. The nearer he is to being perfectly well, the nearer will his capacity for enjoyment be perfect. If this condition doesn't exist, something ought to be done. That means nine cases in ten the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works directly on the digestive organs, and on the blood and through these, on the every tissue of the body. It makes the appetite good, digestion and nutrition perfect and supplies rich, red blood to all the tissues, building up solid healthful flesh.

Sent 21 cents in one-cent stamps to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Adviser," profusely illustrated.

The winter sessions of afternoon lectures to the Normalites and their friends at Regina, will begin on Saturday, when either Prof. D. J. Goggin, Superintendent of Education, or Mr. Davin, M. P., will deliver addresses. Mr. Trant will follow on Saturday, the 10 inst., with the first of two lectures on "Gibber's" Bunsen, and amongst the others who are expected to lecture are Premier Haultain and Rev. J. A. Carmichael.

"She Carries Her Heart on Her Sleeve"

What a boon to many a man or woman if this were literally so—How many spirits are broken because this particular organ is shackled by disease—and yet how many times has Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart brushed against the grim reaper and robbed him of his victim.

Diseases of the heart are by far the most treacherous of ailments which afflict humanity—ruthless to old and young alike—not insidious but violent, for when the heart fails the whole system suffers violence. Discussing cases here will not console the suffering one. The one great yearning of the heart-sickened patient is how to get relief and a cure. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart stands pre-eminently to-day as the best of hope to sufferers from heart trouble, and so far past the experimental period that thousands to-day proclaim, "No more uncertain sound, the belief that were it not for this great remedy they would have long ago passed into the great beyond."

Most eminent doctors, whom heart cases have baffled, have tested Dr. Agnew's claims, and to-day they prescribe it in their practice as the quickest and safest heart remedy known to medical science. What are the symptoms? Palpitation, fluttering, shortness of breath, weak and irregular pulse, swelling of feet and ankles, pain in the left side, chilly sensations, fainting spells, uneasiness in sleeping, dropping tendency and as many more indications that the heart is deranged. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is a heart specific; and no case too acute to find relief for it inside of thirty minutes—a powerful cure.

Mrs. JEO. FITZPATRICK, of Gananoque, Ont., after having been treated by eminent physicians for heart disease of five years' standing, was discharged from the hospital as a hopeless incurable. She suffered from acute pain and palpitation, her feet and ankles swollen, and there was every tendency to the fatal disease, but the life-saving Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart as she declared, as a last hope. One dose relieved her of a very acute spasm in less than thirty minutes, and three bottles cured her—not a symptom of the trouble remaining.

CONDUCTOR WILLIAM G. LEON, of the N. & W. R. R., and living at Hagarstown, Md., suffered for years with acute irregular form of heart disease—cost him many a "lay off" from his daily duties on the road, and he spent a small fortune in remedies and medical treatment, but was discharged in disappointment, until a good friend, who had been benefited, recommended Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. "He tried it, and found it gave him relief and comfort almost immediately. He continued its use until a few bottles were taken, and on the day he well and strong, and says, "Tell all heart sufferers that I can highly recommend this great remedy."

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT cures eczema, salt rheum, tetter, scald head and all itching skin diseases: cures piles in three to five nights. 35 cents.

DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER relieves cold in the head or hay fever in ten minutes—will cure most stubborn and long standing catarrhs quickly and permanently.

DR. AGNEW'S LIVER PILLS cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, torpid liver—clear the skin. 40 doses, 50 cents.

SOLD BY W. W. BOLE

The.. People Satisfied.



NEVER SUCH BARGAINS IN MOOSE JAW!

Say those who have taken advantage of our Great Removal Sale; and its plainly seen by the enormous turn out of our goods daily. Our new store will not be ready for one more week. One more week of the Great Slaughter Sale!

Fully 10 to 20 p.e. Discount ON ALL CASH SALES.

Everything Goes at Reduced Prices this Week.

There is yet left about thirty men's fur coats; 12 ladies' fur jackets in Coon, Astracan, Australian Bear and Marmont. Also a large range of fur capes, gauntlets, and storm collars. Big reduction in Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Pea Jackets and Overcoats. Come and see what we can do for you in the above lines this week.

M. J. MACLEOD,

The Reliable Clothier and Furnisher.

OUR... EIGHTH 'XMAS.

is just at hand and our Christmas stock is larger and better assorted than any previous year. See our ladies gold watches, gold filled and silver watch chains and guards. In rings we have the best stock ever offered from 25c up. Stick pins, tie pins, and brooches in all styles and at all prices. Our stock of silverware is large and well assorted. In flat wear we handle the celebrated Roger goods. Knives, forks, spoons, pie knives, berry spoons, sugar shells, etc., etc.

A Sewing Machine

Would make a useful Xmas present for your wife. We have a number that we are offering at special inducements between now and the New Year. SPECTACLES! gold, gold filled, steel and nickel frames fitted with pebble and flint lenses, perfect fit guaranteed.

Bell Organs & Pianos. J. U. MUNN'S.

We Lead, Others Follow.

We have moved into our new store, Grayson's New Block. Where we have secured increased accommodation, and are better able to attend to the wants of our customers.

We Invite You to Call

at our new store and inspect our new line of Xmas Confectionery, stationery and fancy goods. Our stock of cigars is complete, including all the newest brands. Look out for Xmas announcement next week.

JUBILEE STORE.

'Xmas 1898. New Year '99. OCTAVIUS FIELD WHOLESALE DEALER & IMPORTER OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandy, London Old Tom and Holland Gins, Bénédictine, Sherry, Champagne, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Gin and Native Wines, Liquors and Bitters, Bass' Ale and Guinness Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc.

Terms Cash. Orders by mail require prompt attention. Business hours from 9 to 12 o'clock.

Octavius Field

\$5.00 REWARD.

STRAYED—From the premises of the undersigned, on or about Nov. 1st, 1898, one dark bay gelding, wire cut on nose, and one sorrel filly, white face, both spring colts. The above reward will be given for their recovery. S. K. RATHWELL, Moose Jaw, Assn.

'Xmas Meats

Turkeys, Chicken, Geese, Ducks, Fish & Game, Beef, Pork, Veal, Mutton, Etc.

The Largest and Best Assortment West of Winnipeg.

It will pay you to inspect our stock of 'Xmas Meats before making your purchases.

Hugh Ferguson.

The Old Reliable Butcher.

MOOSOMIN.

The Moosomin curlers have the pleasure of using the skating rink during their busy season, and by so doing will be enabled to accommodate a large crowd, with seven sheets of beautiful ice. Sunday the 25th inst. is Christmas Day. The 5th inst. was a bitter cold day, and was accompanied by a general Nor-West. On Tuesday, Nov. 29th, the Christian Endeavor gave an entertainment in Smith's Hall. The program, receipts and attendance were all that could be desired. On Friday, the 2nd inst., Mr. Bell at the age of 70 years, passed quietly away to the "great beyond." His sickness and death were brought on suddenly by a severe cold, and his many friends and acquaintances in our immediate vicinity sympathize with the bereaved family in this time of trouble. Dec. 5th was nomination day. Messrs. T. Hart and Daniel were the nominees for office of mayor. The same councilors will likely run, and the chances for their re-election probable. The present mayor, Mr. O. Neff, is withdrawing from the field. The price paid for wheat on Dec. 1st was 49 cts., and although the Spectator is fighting hard for the farmers' interests, their progress in this important enterprise is but weak. With the exception of hay, which is worth \$6.50, the rest of our resources are similar to that of last week. Messrs. John McNeill and Richmond Barclay have dissolved partnership. Mr. John McNeill will continue the business. Messrs. Hiram and Thornton have also dissolved, and Mr. Hiram will conduct the business in future. We are very sorry to announce the illness of our M.L.A., Mr. Alex. Smith, but we hope in a few days to see him back to work. Our number of the Dominion House, Mr. Douglas, attended the evening service held in the Presbyterian Church, on the 4th inst. One thing that would profit our town and educate our young, would be a debating society. Who will be the first to start the ball rolling?

The Council for 1898 were seated by acclamation on Dec. 5th. Six are the number for office; and on nomination day six papers only were filed for the honorary seats. Of these, three were of the council of 1898, and are Messrs. McCurdy, McKenzie and Dunn, and the three newcomers are: Messrs. Pennington, Whiting and Smithers. The election for mayor and school trustees are to come off. Mr. J. Daniel and Mr. T. Hart, for mayor; and Messrs. McNaughton, Keown and Dunn, for trustees.

Estevan.

Estevan, Dec. 6th, 1898. Rev. D. D. McArthur, agent of Upper Canada Bible Society, gave a very instructive and interesting address in the school house on Thursday evening, Dec. 1st, on behalf of the Estevan Branch of the Society. At the close of the address the officers for the ensuing year were elected, as follows: President, J. McEggart; Secretary, Frank Tate; Treasurer, M. H. King; Deputary, E. H. Scott; Executive Committee—Messrs. Yule, Horne and Terry; Collectors—Miss Ida Terry and Miss McNeill. The Union Methodist and Presbyterian Sunday School intend having a Christmas tree on Friday night Dec. 23rd. A good programme will no doubt be provided, and arrangements made to have Santa Clause arrive in time to distribute the presents. A rather serious accident befell Mr. R. Perry, on Tuesday, which will confine him to his room for a few days. In crossing the railway track the wheels of his wagon slipped in such a way as to throw the box off. Mr. Perry was thrown out alighting on his back on a stone. This is the second misfortune to befall Mr. Perry within a week. Mr. E. W. Spence, C.P.R. agent here, intends removing this week to Indian Head, where he will look after the interests of the C.P.R. On hearing of his intended departure his friends thought that they would in some way express to him their sorrow at losing such an esteemed citizen, so according to Monday night a large number of his friends assembled at his residence and presented him with an address accompanied by a large easy chair, and also presented to Mrs. Spence a handsome tray and lemonade set, and other articles of household usefulness. The Estevan friends of Mr. and Mrs. Spence wish them every success in their new home. Miss Bertha Witlock is spending a few days with friends at Portage. Miss McKenzie, of Portage, spent Monday in town. The familiar face of Tom Pearson is again seen on our streets.

Modern Treatment of Consumption

The latest work on the treatment of diseases, written by forty eminent American physicians, says: "Cod-liver oil has done more for the consumptive than all other remedies put together." It also says: "The hypophosphites of lime and soda are regarded by many English observers as specifics for consumption."

Scott's Emulsion

contains the best cod-liver oil in a partially digested form, combined with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. This remedy, a standard for a quarter of a century, is in exact accord with the latest views of the medical profession. Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion.

All druggists, Soc. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

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Boharm.

Boharm, Dec. 8.—Shall Boharm be forgotten? Never!—We are all here having good times and enjoying the festivities of the season. Richard Wilson gave a house warming last week, dedicating his new home, and James Campbell followed this week with a similar gathering. The two houses are a credit to their owners and shows what Scotch pluck and Irish stick-to-it-ness can accomplish in a few short years. Syndicate land is being taken up very fast in this section. L. E. Easton has purchased the T. D. Watson estate—R. Elson and sons are also adding to their acres. Alex. Zess intends spending the winter in Medicine Hat. John Inglis is spending a few days in the sunny south this week. School still continues and the parents are well pleased with the progress of the pupils under Mr. Campbell's teaching. The elevator is still taking in the "golden grain." Quite a number are going east this winter on the excursions, among them being "yours truly." F. W. Green has another comforter, this time on the neck. Will Kilgour says he will go east and tell people what a great country we have here. Mrs. Sheppard is the busiest lady in our neighborhood. Besides keeping up her class she is drilling the children for two entertainments, which keeps her and "Teda" busy. A number of young people from your town spent Wednesday evening at the home of E. N. Hopkins. A very enjoyable time was spent. Charlie Shepley was seen in our neighborhood lately, whistling "Home Sweet Home." A BOX AMI.

DECEIVED TO DEATH.

Insidious to the Last Degree—Kidney Troubles Steadily Work J havoc—South American Kidney Cure a Potent Healer.

This caption could be truthfully written on many a burial certificate, and in numbers that would appall. Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel and stone in the bladder, dropsy. Any or all may be induced by causes least suspected, perhaps the least thought of, and yet the most dangerous is the back ache symptom. Don't dally with kidney pains. South American Kidney Cure is a quick reliever, and a powerful healer—Cleanses and Cures. Sold by Turnbull & McCulloch.

Town Council.

The regular meeting of the Town Council was held in the Clerk's office on Monday evening. Mayor Bogue presided and there were present Councilors Herrier, Grayson and Munns. No business of importance came up to be dealt with. The Secretary-Treasurer was instructed to pay the accounts of J. A. McDonald, \$100; H. Battell, salary, \$37.00; H. McDougall, lumber, \$32.25. A petition was received from Mr. John Thompson and others, asking for a sidewalk on Manitoba Street from Main Street west. On motion the petition was referred to the Board of Works.

Official Transfers.

A number of changes in homestead and immigration officials of the North-West is announced. R. S. Park, homestead inspector at Whitehead, will be removed to Winnipeg Crown timber office. Neil G. McCullum, Moosomin, has been appointed homestead inspector, with headquarters at Yorkton. The services of C. E. Phipps, who has been employed in the Regina land office, have been dispensed with, and S. Gray has been transferred from that office to the immigration office at Winnipeg. H. B. Perrin, of the immigration office, has been appointed clerk in the land office at Dauphin, in place of G. A. Hogarth, who will be removed to Winnipeg. Edmund Trundel, employed in the Winnipeg office, will be transferred to the Regina land office.

New C.P.R. Time Card.

The changes which the Canadian Pacific Railway Company intended making in their train service in the spring of this year, and the postponement of which took place consequent on the trouble which arose with the Grand Trunk Railway and the trans-continental lines regarding Canadian business being sent via Chicago, are partly to be put into effect on Monday next, the 12th inst., the differences between the two companies being happily settled, and arrangements made whereby the C.P.R. will use the G.T.R. line from North Bay to Toronto, while the G.T.R. agree that their Manitoba business will be sent via the C.P.R. at lower rates than apply via Chicago. By the new time card No. 1 will arrive from the east at Moose Jaw at 7:30, and No. 2 from the west at 1:30. The Soo line will arrive at and depart at

A Kansas man has discovered the reason why an engine is always called "she," and his argument is that it wears a jacket, an apron, wears shoes, hose, and drags a train behind it. It has a lap, needs guides, rides wheels, will not turn out for pedestrians, sometimes foams and refuses to work, it attracts men, is very contrary, and it always takes a man to manage it.

Make the Little Folks Happy....



Be Sure to Give Us a Call

When selecting your 'Xmas Gifts. We have fancy goods of every description, books for old and young, and dainty stationery, etc., etc.,

COMPLETE STOCK OF TOYS.

The Bazaar.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO'Y.

PORK PACKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. WINNIPEG.

(One of the Largest Houses in the Dominion).

Sells Ham, Bacon, Bologna and Pork Sausage, Roll, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, Butcher's Supplies, Wrapping Paper, &c. &c. Buys Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Poultry, Live Hogs, Carcass Mutton, Carcass Beef, &c. Unlimited cold storage. Branch Houses in Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson, Rossland, Calgary and Rat Portage. Communications and consignments solicited.

A Suit to Fit...

Needs Cut.

A Suit to Wear

Needs Cloth.

A Suit to Sell..

Needs Style.

The Reason Why?

Our Evening Dress Suits sell and satisfy when sold is because they combine these three points.

W. N. MITCHELL

CROW'S NEST PASS COAL..

We have been appointed sole agent for Moose Jaw and district for the celebrated Crow's Nest Pass Coal, and are now in a position to give prompt attention to all orders entrusted to us. The Crow's Nest Pass Coal is admittedly the most economical fuel on the market.

G. B. SHARPE.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE & POCKET DIRECTORY IS FOR SALE AT 25 CENTS PER COPY.

Xmas Turkey

WHAT'S CHRISTMAS WITHOUT A GOOD FAT TURKEY?

We can safely say that we have now on hand as good a stock and as large an assortment as can be seen anywhere west of Winnipeg. Our 'Xmas meats are superb and calculated to win the 'Xmas trade. We have Turkeys, Chicken, Geese (wild and domestic), Ducks, Fish, Sausage, Lard, etc., etc., and in fact everything you can buy in a butcher shop. Out beef, mutton and pork is the best obtainable, and prices suit all. When shopping for 'Xmas give us a call.

John H. Smith.

On a Gift Hunt?

A hunt through our stock will reveal a great many new things for 'Xmas. See our easels, screens, sleighs, music cabinets, and a great variety of case goods, hall racks, couches, etc., etc. We have also a nice line of pictures, picture frames, paper racks, etc. Allow us the privilege of showing you our goods, we know we can please you.

JNO. BELLAMY

Green's Restaurant.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has purchased the business of Mr. Jas. White and has opened up a first class restaurant and oyster parlor. Meals served on shortest notice at all hours. Fresh oysters constantly on hand. A full line of confectionery, cigars, cigarettes, tobaccos, etc.

WM. GREEN.

BY RAIL, FROM LAKE WAGHORN'S GUIDE

Christmas Presents in Jewelry.

Christmas will be here before you know it! Of course you will want a present for your friend—a present that will be pretty, a present that will be useful, a present that will be lasting, and a present that will bring good cheer to the one who receives it. The selection of the present is the cause of considerable perplexity to a number of people; but this year you don't need to worry over what to get. Just walk into our store, look over our display, and your perplexity will vanish. Our stock of Christmas presentation goods is

The Prettiest The Most Elegant and The Best Selected

Stock ever opened out in Moose Jaw. We have everything in our line that you can think of and at prices to suit your pocket book ranging from 25c. up to \$100.00. In four short weeks Christmas will be here. Many of the wise people are already making their selections of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Novelties. This shows good policy. Most of our new goods are now in, and you have leisure to look and we have leisure to show. We will gladly keep your selection until such time as you wish it delivered.

In Jewelry,

We have watches for ladies and gentlemen, in all the best movements, with solid gold, gold filled, gold inlaid and silver cases to match. Over 100 watches to choose from. Watch chains in great variety, ladies' and gents', to suit the most fastidious, bracelets in endless variety, rings in all the latest styles and newest settings, stick pins, scarf pins, cuff links, collar sets, etc., etc., etc. In clocks we have fancy clocks, hall clocks, musical clocks, parlor clocks, alarm clocks.

Silverware.

This is where we shine! We have just opened out a new line of novelties and are expecting more to follow. Our Sterling silver minature sets are simply superb and this is equally true in regard to everything we carry. Come and inspect our sterling silver bonnet brushes, toilet sets, button hooks, tooth brushes, shoe horns, scissors, shaving sets, puff boxes, combs, match safes, vinegarettes, fancy belts, sugar and cream spoons, dinner and desert knives and forks, desert and teaspoons, cake and pie knives, carving sets, breakfast sets, salt and pepper sets, butter dishes, cake and fruit dishes, berry spoons, napkin rings, etc., etc., etc.

R. E. PLAXTON, Jeweler.

Christmas Goods!

NOW is the Time to Make Your Selection of 'Xmas Gifts...

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF THE LATEST GOODS!

Handkerchief, Collar, Glove and Cuff Boxes; Dolls of every variety; Purses, Manicure Sets, Leather Cases, Pipes, Mirrors, Albums, Games, Etc. Just arrived a full assortment of Cut Glass Perfume Bottles; they are beauties.

No trouble to show goods and prices right; give us a call....

COLLING'S DRUG STORE.

New Grayson Block.

Shorey's Ready-to-Wear

Rigby Waterproofed Freize Ulsters



Made from pure wool, 32 oz. to the yard. Five pockets.—Deep flaps.—Six inch collar, with throat tab.—Double stitched edges.—Raised seams. Length 54 inches. Nine colors. Black, Blue, Mid Brown, Drab, Claret, Heather, Oxford, Blue mixture and Olive mixture.

Waterproof, Windproof, Frostproof, Comfortable.

Sold by all reputable dealers for \$6.75 Nova Scotia to British Columbia for

Shorey's Guarantee Card in the pocket, of course. Insist on seeing it, it is a good square guarantee.

Sold only by M. J. MacLEOD.

WIND'S CAPRIVOL.

EASTERN PORTION OF AMERICA
IN THE GRASP OF A STORM.

Terrific Gale Off Portland, Maine—A
Fog Bell Weighing Five Tons
Lifted From Its Supports.

St. John, N. B., Dec. 5.—A heavy south-easterly wind and snow and rain storm set in early this morning, but no material damage was done. Advice from St. Andrews state the storm was more violent there than that of Sunday, 27th ult. About 10 o'clock this morning the phosphate warehouse on Railway wharf was lifted up bodily and swung into the air about 200 barrels of phosphate were in the warehouse. Children, trees and fences were blown down in all directions. All steamboat connections are shut off. The storm is generally all over the province.

Portland, Maine, Dec. 5.—Arrived steamer Kalamau from the great lake for B. S. reports at 6 o'clock Monday morning. The big fog bell, weighing fully five tons, was lifted from its support and carried over the cliff some twenty feet below. A number of instances of minor damage on shore along the coast have been reported.

Chatham, Mass., Dec. 5.—The body of a passenger of the Portland was washed up on the shore near Old Harbor life saving station early this afternoon. This makes the twenty-sixth recovered. The body is that of a man fifty years old, 5 feet 4 inches, quite bald, but what hair there is black, clothing is white and red and black. The clothing is dark blue suit, russet shirt, stand up collar and a muslin pin in necktie. The eastern gale of last night is being followed by a south westerly blow, which makes the prospects good that bodies will come ashore tonight or tomorrow.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.
Washington, Dec. 5.—The storm, central last night in southeastern Pennsylvania, has moved to the north of the St. Lawrence and has caused hurricane winds in New England and the lower lake region. Rain or snow has fallen in the lake region and the north Atlantic states. The temperature has fallen in the middle Atlantic states. Snow may be expected in the lake region and generally fair weather elsewhere. Snow or rain is expected in the New England and eastern New York, diminishing at night with a fall in temperature.

DETROIT SNOWED UP.
Detroit, Mich., Dec. 5.—The great snow and wind storm which has kept communication by wire from this city practically at a standstill since last night. Street car traffic has been blocked almost completely and general business is paralyzed.

HAMILTON ISOLATED.
Hamilton, Dec. 5.—Hamilton seems to have suffered more severely than any other city from the snowstorm. Less snow fell here than at Toronto by several inches, but much more damage was done. The city was practically isolated so far as telegraphic communication was concerned. The street railway system was utterly knocked out since 10 o'clock last night. No cars are running to-day. Scores of telephone and telegraph poles were brought down by the weight of wet snow, and citizens were in great danger of being caught by live wires. This danger was so great that to-night the electric lighting power was cut off and the city was in darkness. Steam railways were not much embarrassed by the storm.

AT TORONTO.
Toronto, Dec. 5.—Snow ceased falling here about two o'clock, being succeeded by melting snow and rain, which fell for a couple of hours more. Very little damage has been done in Toronto and immediate vicinity and even the street railway service was fairly good. The snow fall is unprecedented in a half century at this point, where it was the heaviest: it reached somewhat over sixteen inches. Dispatches from outside points show much damage done. The storm does not seem to have brought down any telegraph poles here, but in the western peninsula very hard and in the States it has done great damage.

The St. Bridget Horror.
Montreal, Dec. 2.—Francis McGill, a young farmer, has been arrested charged with the murder of his father, an old man whose body was found yesterday at St. Bridget. The old man had been living with his son, to whom years ago in return for his keep, he had deeded what was once a fine farm but which had lately fallen greatly in value. The father and son frequently quarreled and the son often beat the father. On Monday he was drunk and quarrelsome and beat his wife who fled to a neighbor's house. A young woman visiting the house heard the father and son quarrelling but kept very quiet, being afraid. McGill himself says he found his father in a ditch a hundred yards from the house brought down by a barbed wire fence, neck and wrists, which, he claims, must have been received in falling on and against the fence. The old man was then very feeble but was still alive and died in the afternoon.

A Canadian in Trouble.
Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 1.—W. C. D. Pattison, who came all the way from Boston to burn the Mormon church at Independence, because, as he declared, the Mormon scriptures commanded him to do it, has been found guilty by a jury in the criminal court. The jury also declared Pattison to be insane. He is a Canadian by birth. He is 47 years of age and for years was a school teacher.

BY CABLE AND TELEGRAPH

London, Dec. 1.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News, Emily Crawford, predicts that the court of cassation will declare the Dreyfus trial irregular and Dreyfus innocent. In her opinion the court will not interfere in the Picquet affair.

Laporte, Ind., Dec. 1.—The Right Rev. Bishop Bademacher, of the Catholic diocese of Fort Wayne, has addressed a letter to the editor of the Catholic Record of this city making formal denial of the report that the pope has issued a decree removing the ban on certain secret organizations, notably the Masons.

Rome, Dec. 1.—A search of the vaults of the Corsini Palace for possible Anarchist arrangements to blow up the anti-Anarchists' conference, which is meeting in the palace, led to an interesting archaeological discovery of a secret passage from the Corsini Palace beneath the River Tiber to the precincts of the Farnese Palace, where the French embassy is located.

London, Dec. 1.—George W. Moore, otherwise "Pony Moore," has deposited £200 with the Sporting Life with the intention of arranging a match between his son-in-law, Charley Mitchell, and Sharkey, the United States pugilist, for 500 or £1000 a side and the best purse offered.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—Mr. Sifton will not be able to leave for Winnipeg until Monday. He goes to Montreal tonight and will return tomorrow.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Word was received today from Boston announcing that the body of Alphonse Gesselin, an assistant city clerk, had been washed ashore. Deceased was a passenger on the wrecked steamer Portland.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—The bye-elections for vacancies in the legislature for Nipissing and North Hastings will be held on December 27, nominations a week earlier. This makes five provincial bye-elections during December, and Dominion byes in Ontario.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Louis Albert died today, aged 103 years. Deceased came here from Russian Poland fifty-five years ago, and was the first pawnbroker in Montreal. He was out walking a couple of weeks ago, and retained possession of his faculties to the last.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—J. S. Brierly and J. F. Mackay, managing director and secretary-treasurer of the Herald, were today formally committed for trial by Magistrate Lafontaine, on a charge of criminal libel, preferred by the chief of police, Col. Hughes. Defendants had declared their intention to reserve their defence.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—The corporation of McGill University has decided to confer the honorary degree of LL. D. upon Lord Minto. The ceremony will form part of the functions connected with the formal opening of the department of mines and chemistry on December 20.

Vancouver, Dec. 2.—The coroner's jury brought in a verdict of willful murder against Donald Perrier today. He brutally killed Jennie Anderson, a fallen woman, at New Westminster. Perrier says the woman attacked him first.

Victoria, Dec. 2.—The Times tomorrow will publish a private report of William Teague, of Yale, which reflected on the character of the Golden Cane mine when it was boomed in 1896. It shows that the mine was then unfavorable. The report was suppressed, and never submitted to the directorate.

Montreal, Dec. 1.—Davidson Sneath has been appointed secretary of the Montreal harbor commission at a salary of \$2,200.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 1.—The steamer Olivet, a St. John river boat, was burned to the water's edge this morning. No lives were lost.

Montreal, Nov. 30.—Davidson Sneath has been appointed secretary of the Montreal harbor commission at a salary of \$2,200.

Brookville, Nov. 30.—An old lady named Huddleston was run over in the G. T. R. yards yesterday morning while crossing the track. Her legs were cut off below the knee and she died in a few minutes. The woman was aged 66 and was deaf.

Montreal, Nov. 30.—J. E. Maseel, of Upton, was nominated yesterday as Liberal candidate for Bagot, vacancy caused by the death of the late member, Dupont. The county is very strongly Conservative. H. R. Martineau has accepted the Liberal nomination for the Montmagny vacancy, caused by the elevation of Choquette to the bench.

St. Johns, Nov. 30.—Coroner Peletier was telephoned for last evening in connection with a supposed murder at St. Bridget. It is reported he found sufficient evidence to warrant the arrest of a man and the sheriff has gone out to make the arrest.

Belleville, Nov. 30.—Hugh Brown, of Trenton, charged with stealing from the body of Wm. Lannes, the Toronto victim of the Marray Hill disaster, a purse containing about \$1,100, was committed for trial.

New Steamship Line.

Quebec, Dec. 1.—The Great Northern railway has informed the city authorities that one of the largest steamship lines on the St. Lawrence will make this city its terminus provided exemption from harbor dues for a term of years be granted it, or in other words if the line is placed upon the same footing as it would be placed in Montreal harbor. The Harbor Commission will take legal advice to ascertain whether it has power to make such exemption.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

THE STORM'S HARVEST.

MUTE WITNESSES OF WRECK OF
PORTLAND WASHED ASHORE.

The Puritan Liner, Scottish King,
Ashore Near Cape Race—The
Crew Saved.

Provincetown, Mass., Nov. 30.—Corrected reports from towns along Cape Cod, as far south as Chatham, show that eighteen bodies from the wreck of steamer Portland have been brought ashore out of the surf by the life savers, or washed up on the beach. It is apparent that the vessel went to pieces after becoming unmanageable in the storm somewhere off the end of the Cape near here between nine and ten o'clock on Sunday morning. About 9:45 the life-savers at the Race Point station heard four whistles from a steamer which they now suppose was the Portland. Nothing was seen of any vessel in the blinding storm and the first indication that she had been lost, was found in the discovery of wreckage which began to come ashore early Monday morning. First the coast guard came across a couple of life-preservers marked "Portland," which had been cast high on the shore by the force of the sea, and soon after a fragment of the steamer herself was found with the tonnage mark of the vessel. A close watch was kept all along the beach and soon the guards reported at the station the discovery of wreckage of all kinds. State room doors, pieces of the vessel, a few oars and barrels of pork and hard tobacco and other portions of the cargo were washed up. All along the coast from Highland Light to Monomoy wreck was cast up. Near Orleans cottagers picked up the wheel of the vessel. It was surrounded with several fathoms of wire and tied with rope in such a way as to indicate that the wheel had been lashed. The vessel was steered by electricity and the wire attached to the wheel was probably that used in connection with her steering gear. The first body to come ashore was at Highland Light, near Highland Light. Another, that of a colored man, probably a porter on the boat, was picked up at Well Fleet Monday morning and during the afternoon the recovery of several bodies was reported from Orleans. Another came in at East Point on Monday and two more were found there yesterday. One of the small wrecks and no bodies were found north of Highland life saving station, near Highland Light. In the opinion of the coast guard men the vessel was swept down past Race Point and probably drifted to pieces in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The bodies which have come up the beach and none of the life rafts have been located. It does not seem possible that a single person has escaped in the awful catastrophe. This morning the small list of those known to have been on board the steamer Portland was given out this afternoon. Among the names are those of George Crozier, Frank Wilson, and James W. Flower, of St. John, N. B.

THE SCOTTISH KING.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30.—The chamber of commerce, marine department, has issued the following bulletin: private telegram received in this city announcing the probable loss of the Puritan Line steamer Scottish King, commanded by Capt. James Macdonald, from Antwerp 8:41 a.m. this port. The vessel ran ashore at 5:30 o'clock this morning, ten miles north-east from Cape Race, Newfoundland, during a dense fog. The crew, numbering thirty-five men, were all landed in safety. The chamber of commerce advises that it was impossible for the officers of the steamer to see their dangerous surroundings until they brought up on the rocks, and that when the steamer struck she began to fill immediately, showing that her bottom had been punctured by the jagged rocks. The vessel will undoubtedly prove a total loss, as she is in dangerous position and full of water.

The Scottish King is comparatively a new vessel, having been built by Short Brothers at Sunderland, Eng., in 1893. She was a steel propeller vessel of 2,148 tons net.

Halifax, Nov. 30.—The British steamer Scottish King, from Antwerp, for Boston, is reported ashore at Cape Race, Nfld.

STORM IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 30.—The storm which began last night with rain, followed by hail and snow, blown from the north, in the suburbs to-day and delayed it in the city. While the storm had none of the severity of the blow and snow of Saturday and Sunday, coming so soon on the heels of that storm, it increased the difficulties of the situation. Even the "L" lines suffered to-day and many persons were obliged to walk long distances to "L" stations in order to get down town. Over in Brooklyn, in the Bronx and in the Borough of Queens, there was repetition of the annoyance and discomfort of Sunday.

THE OHIO FLOATED.
Boston Nov. 30.—The Wilson steamer Ohio, which went ashore on Spectacle Island during Saturday's storm, was floated by first tides this afternoon and brought to her dock. It is thought she is not badly damaged.

STORM IN ITALY.

Rome, Nov. 30.—The whole Italian coast line has been swept by a terrific storm which has caused the greatest damage everywhere, havoc having been wrought by both wind and sea.

Spezia, Genoa and Messina have suffered greatly and most of the Sardinian fortifications have been seriously damaged. Hundreds of vessels have been wrecked and many lives have been lost.

STEAMSHIP DISABLED.

Queenstown, Nov. 30.—The Cunard steamer Cephalonia, Capt. Pierce, which sailed from here at noon to-day bound from Liverpool for Boston, passed Kinsale at 6:55 this afternoon, returning here with a steamer in tow, supposed to be a Hamburg-American liner.

SCHOONER ABANDONED.

London, Nov. 30.—A dispatch from Genoa says that the Italian vessel Concordia landed there today the crew of the British schooner Grace Carter, which was abandoned in mid-Atlantic while on a voyage from Oporto to St. Johns, Nfld. The Grace Carter hailed from St. Johns, Nfld., and was owned by James Balrd. She was of 102 tons register.

A PATHETIC LETTER.

Plymouth, Mass., Nov. 30.—A piece of bamboo picked up in the surf here to-day a story of the loss of the schooner "White Wings of Gloucester" in the recent storm. Prof. F. E. Thomas found the fragment floating about in the waves. It contained a letter as follows: "We will be lost, thirteen of us in the fishing schooner White Wings from Gloucester. Have no bottle to put in. In everything is gone. We are about to go on a raft. Henry Wilder and Frank Hawkins are dead. If I could only see my wife and darling child again. ALBERT SIMONS."

DAMAGED BY STORM.

New York, Nov. 30.—The British steamer Strathgairn, owned by Burrell & Co., of Glasgow, came into port today in a badly battered condition, and with a heavy list to starboard. She was short of men, and the other members of her crew lay in her forecastle seriously hurt. The strathgairn is in need of considerable repairs, and her cargo of grain has been damaged by the sea water, which flooded the hold.

TWO MORE WRECKED.

Parish, N. S., Nov. 30.—The schooner B. rms. with a cargo of coal, sprung leak and sank at the mouth of Apple river in Sunday's storm. The crew were saved.

The schooner E. Mayfield is ashore at Deer Island, high and dry on the rocks.

THE UNION DISSOLVED.

United States of Central America
Crumble Into Their Original
Elements.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The dissolution of the United States of Central America after a national existence of less than a month is announced in a dispatch received by one of the highest officials of Central America today. It states that the success of the revolution in Salvador and the overthrow of President Gutierrez led to a meeting of the three commissioners who formed the executive head of the union until a president was elected and a decision reached to abandon the union, leaving each of the three states forming it, Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras, to resume its former status as an independent sovereign nation. When the union was formed on November 1 last Messrs. Caillogis, Matias and Ugarte were placed in charge until the presidential election was held this month. It is this exclusive committee which has now determined to abandon the plan of a union. In addition to the foregoing dispatch the state department has been advised through Minister Merry and also through one of the consular officers that the uprising in Salvador had been successful and that peace was restored after much disorder. United States officials said today that on the basis of this report a union might be built a more substantial union embracing all five of the states of Central America. The absence of Costa Rica and Guatemala from this last attempt at union operated largely towards its failure.

Perrier Arraigned.

Vancouver, Dec. 2.—Donald Perrier, the New Westminster murderer, was charged with his crime yesterday, but was not asked to plead. He rose and wanted to make a statement, but as he had no counsel, Magistrate Corbould, in the interests of the prisoner, which British justice always safeguards, refused to hear him, and an adjournment was made until Monday next. An inquest was opened by Coroner Bitten-drigh, but the only proceedings were the impelling of a jury and the viewing of the body. An adjournment was then made until today.

A Lucky Escape.

London, Ont., Dec. 2.—Passengers in a Spring Bank trolley car had a narrow escape from serious injury and perhaps death yesterday. There is a steep grade on the South London side of Victoria Bridge, and as the car was coming down about 7:15, the brake shoe collapsed, the car jumped the track and struck the outside of the bridge, stopping only a few inches from the extreme edge, thus narrowly escaping a plunge into the river, forty feet below. The car was badly damaged, but no one was hurt.

Sleepless Slumbers.

Brown—My wife says I talk in my sleep.
Jones—Well, you're lucky.
Brown—How so?
Jones—My wife does all the talking in mine.—Chicago News.

Resulted Arrest.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—State Game Warden Fuller to-night received a telegram from H. O. Stephens, his deputy at Park Rapids, Minn., saying he attempted to arrest two roving Indians, who had shot and sold deer. The Indians were shot by a hunter at a camp made to apprehend the accused Indians there will be another Chippewa uprising.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

SISTER GREGOLINI.

A TYPICAL CASE OF KHALIFIC AND
MAHOMEDIST CRUELTY.

A Sad Story Which Began Over 18 Years
Ago—Was Lady Superior of El Obeld
Mission Convent, But Fell Into the
Mahdi's Hands—Released and Liberated
by Gen. Kitchener.

In the Minority.

When the British troops captured Omdurman a few weeks ago they found and liberated the English merchant, Carl Neufeld, and this poor woman, Sister Gregolini she was, and her Greek husband, Kokorombo. The child she carries is her fifth, but all the others are dead. Her story is sad, indeed. Sister Gregolini belongs to a good family in Verona, where she soon hopes, at last, after eighteen years, to rejoin her aged mother, sisters and brother. She was the lady superior of the mission convent at El Obeld from 1880 till 1893, when, on the capitulation of that town, she, with all the other nuns and fathers, fell into the hands of the Mahdi. They were first marched several days' journey to Rahad, deprived of their shoes and barefoot. The sharp stones cut their feet to pieces so much that their toenails came off, and they were obliged to continue the march on their hands and knees. At their camp where she soon hopes, at last, after eighteen years, to rejoin her aged mother, sisters and brother. She was the lady superior of the mission convent at El Obeld from 1880 till 1893, when, on the capitulation of that town, she, with all the other nuns and fathers, fell into the hands of the Mahdi. They were first marched several days' journey to Rahad, deprived of their shoes and barefoot. The sharp stones cut their feet to pieces so much that their toenails came off, and they were obliged to continue the march on their hands and knees. At their camp where she soon hopes, at last, after eighteen years, to rejoin her aged mother, sisters and brother. She was the lady superior of the mission convent at El Obeld from 1880 till 1893, when, on the capitulation of that town, she, with all the other nuns and fathers, fell into the hands of the Mahdi. They were first marched several days' journey to Rahad, deprived of their shoes and barefoot. 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JOHN ARTHUR'S WARD, OR THE DETECTIVE'S DAUGHTER

By the author of "A Woman's Crime," "The Missing Diamond," etc.

A few paces beyond her door, the hall connecting the west wing with the more modern portion, made a sharp curve and opened into the main hall of that floor. Celine Lerouge opened her door cautiously, having first donned her not very becoming walking attire. Then she took up her position just outside the angle of the western hall, and so close to it that if an approach was made from behind, she could easily retire behind the angle.

She had grown heartily tired of her senile task when, at last, a soft rustle was heard near at hand. Celine turned so quickly into the narrower hall that she fairly ran upon and stopped—Mrs. John Arthur.

John Arthur, in the main hall of that floor, Celine Lerouge opened her door cautiously, having first donned her not very becoming walking attire. Then she took up her position just outside the angle of the western hall, and so close to it that if an approach was made from behind, she could easily retire behind the angle.

Celine poured forth a mixture of French and English, expressive of her contrition and horror at having "almost overturned Madame," and wound up by saying, "Madame has been to my room? Madame has desired some service, perhaps? If so, she has only to command."

Celine drew a breath of relief, having sufficiently recovered from the collision and accompanying confusion, to draw a breath of any kind, and at once rallied her forces. "Yes, Celine, I wanted you to do something for me, if you will."

"Anything, Madame."

"I wanted to ask if you could find time to come to my room and try and do something with my hair. Your hair-dressing is perfect, and I am so tired of my own."

Celine would be only too happy. Should she come now? She had just returned from the village; she would put off her hair and her hair would be disposed. But Madame was not inclined to be manipulated just then. Celine might come to her dressing room and do her hair for dinner—after she was done with Miss Arthur, of course.

So they separated, mutually satisfied.

CHAPTER XXIV.—A VERITABLE GHOST.

What a day of glory it had been to the spinster, this day on which Madame had read her three letters, and Celine had ordered a back-ground of black sky and black trees. At last he was set at liberty, and he hurried back to the little inn literally kicking his way through the autumn darkness.

The old house of Oakley stood, with its last light extinguished, tall, and somber, against a background of black sky and black trees. At last he was set at liberty, and he hurried back to the little inn literally kicking his way through the autumn darkness.

Love-making, dear reader, although you may not know it, is a wearisome business, even to the most ardent. Especially is it wearisome to those like Miss Arthur—maidens whose waists are too tight, whose complaisance will endure lip service, and whose tresses are liable to become not only disheveled but discolored. Therefore, when Miss Arthur had dismissed her maid, with a sigh of regret, she lost not time in donning her gowns with a sigh of relief.

Even a very rich and heavy luncheon, which her maid had provided, was gormandized rather than enjoyed, so tempting did her couch look to the worn-out damsel.

Miss Arthur had refreshed herself with an hour's uninterrupted repose, and was revelling in a dreamy Arcadia, hand in hand with her beloved, when something cold falling on her cheek dispelled her visions. She started broad awake, and face to face with a horrible reality.

The moon was pouring a flood of silvery light in through the two windows, facing the south, whose curtains were drawn back, making the room almost as light as at midday.

And there, in the center of the room, in reach of her hand, stood Madame Payne, all swathed in white clinging garments, ghastly as a corpse, hollow-eyed and awful, but, nevertheless, Madame Payne! Over her white tresses dropped rings of curly, yellow hair, and across the pale lips a mocking smile was flitting.

Miss Arthur gasped and closed her eyes very tight, but they would not stay closed. They flew open again to behold the vision still there. The spinster was transfixed with horror. Cold drops of perspiration oozed out upon her forehead and trickled down her cheeks. She clutched at the bed-clothes convulsively, and gazed and gazed.

Wider and wider stared her eyes, but no sound escaped her lips. She gazed and gazed, but the specter would not vanish. Poor Miss Arthur was terror-stricken almost to the verge of catalepsy. In considering the specter, and the persistence with which they return again and again, according to good authority, ghosts in general must be endowed with much patience. Be this as it may of this particular apparition, after glaring immovably at the spinster for the space of five minutes, began to find it monotonous.

Slowly, slowly from among the snowy drapery came forth a white hand, that pointed at the occupant of the bed with silent menace.

The spell was broken. The lips of Miss Arthur were unclenched, she shuddered, one following the other in rapid succession, resounded in the ears of even the most remote sleeper.

With the utterance of her first yell, Miss Arthur had made a desperate plunge to the further side of her bed, away from the specter, and turning her face to the wall, shut out thus the appalling white vision.

Having once found her voice, Miss Arthur continued to clutch at the bed

clothes, glare at the wall, and shriek spasmodically, even after her "faint consciousness" must have assured her that the room now held no other being beside herself and a ghost, supposing it to be still on the opposite side of the bed.

Cora, in a state of wild deshabille; John Arthur, doted, and armed with a cane; Susan and Mary, half in the room and half out; then Celine Lerouge, apparently much frightened, without knowing it.

A sort of questions from the master of the house, and a return of courage to the mistress. But Miss Arthur only gathered herself together, took in a fresh supply of breath, and embarked on another series of howls.

Nothing was amiss in the room; it could have been a burlesque. The high lamp was burning dimly behind its heavy shade; on the table were the fragments of Miss Arthur's luncheon; and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur had found easy access through the closed, but unbolting door.

After a time, a long time, during which Cora and Celine administered sal volatile and other restoratives, Mr. Arthur dozed her with oaths and tea water, and the servants whispered in a group, the maiden found voice.

It was a very feeble voice, and it conveyed to her audience the astounding intelligence that she had seen a ghost—Madeline Payne's ghost.

Upon hearing the story, John Arthur seemed at first a little startled. But Cora only laughed, and Celine, glancing significantly at the luncheon table, said, with a slight smile:

"Mademoiselle has nerves, and she may have lunched heartily before retiring."

John Arthur strode across the room and viewed the debris of luncheon. "Humph!" he grunted. "Oysters and salads, potted meats and pastry, strong coffee and champagne, and brandy. Good Lord! I don't know what she should have kept the contents of an entire cemetery from sweeping down upon your slumbers, you female gourmand. Ghosts indeed!"

And he stamped out of the room in high indignation. His tirade was wholly lost upon his sister, however, for that lady was whimpering comfortably and putting all her feeble energy into tea effort.

Cora glanced up at the door banged after her and master, and ordered the servants to lock the door. Then she turned toward Celine, saying:

"That door was certainly not locked when we came to it, for I was here sooner even than Mr. Arthur."

Celine smiled again. "Mademoiselle dismissed me before she had finished her luncheon. I had directed her previously, and she said she should retire as soon as she drank her coffee. She may have forgotten the door."

Cora turned toward the bed. "Did you lock your door, Ellen?"

But Ellen did not know; she could not remember if she had or had not. Then Cora said to Celine: "I am glad to find you so sensible. We shall have hard work now to convince those ridiculous servants that there is not a ghost in every corner."

"I do not think that graves open," replied Celine, seriously.

Then she gave her undivided attention to her mistress, who bade fair to be hysterical for the rest of the night.

Miss Arthur would not be left alone again. No arguments could convince her that the specter was born of her imagination, and she refused her steps to return. So Cora bade Celine prepare to spend the remainder of the night in Miss Arthur's dressing room.

Accordingly, Celine withdrew to her own apartment, where her preparations were made as follows:

First, she hung out the folds of a sheet that hung over a chair, and restored it to its proper place on the bed. Then she removed from her dressing stand a box of white powder, and brushed away all traces of said powder from her garments and the floor.

Next, she carried her away a key that had fallen to the floor and lay near the classically folded sheet. These things accomplished she made a few additions to her toilet, extinguished the light, locked her door carefully, trying it afterward to make assurance doubly sure, and retreated her steps to relieve Cora, who was dutifully sitting by the spinster's bed, and beginning to shiver in her somewhat scanty drapery.

As the night wore on, and Miss Arthur became calmer and quiet, the girl lay back in the big dressing chair gazing into the grate and thinking. Her thoughts were sometimes of Claire, sometimes of Clarence; of the Girards, and of Edward Percy; then of her success as a ghost, and at this she would almost laugh.

But from every subject her mind would turn again and again to one question, that repeated itself until it took the form of a goblin and danced through her dreams, when at last she slept, whispering over and over:

"What is it that Cora Arthur carries in a belt about her waist? what is it white like snow?"

For the girl had made a strange discovery while Cora was sitting beside Miss Arthur's bed, clad only in night's scanty drapery.

CHAPTER XXV.—SOME DAYS OF WAITING.

Doctor Vaughan had written that he could find his way with ease to Nurse Hagar's cottage, and he did.

Swinging himself down upon the dark end of the platform, when the evening train puffed into Bellefleur village, he crossed the track, and walked rapidly along the path that led in the direction of the cottage. He strode on until the light from the cottage window gleamed out upon the night, and his way led over the field. Still he went on, and the cottage a form, evidently that of a woman, appeared before him, and coming in his direction.

The figure came nearer, and a voice, that was certainly not Madeline's, said: "Is the gentleman going to old Hagar's?"

"Are you Hagar?" replied Clarence, Yankee fashion.

"I am Hagar, and you are?"

"Doctor Vaughan."

"Then pass on, sir; the one you seek is there."

And the old woman waved her hand toward the light and hobbled on.

Clarence stared after her for a moment; but the darkness had devoured her, and he resumed his way toward the cottage.

In hastening to meet a friend we naturally have, in our mind, a picture. Our friend will look so, so. That with Clarence Vaughan. Expecting to meet a pair of deep, sad, lea-

tiful eyes, lifted to his own; to behold a fair forehead shadowed by soft, shining curls; judge of Clarence's surprise when the opened door revealed to him a small being of no shape in particular; a very black head of hair, surmounted by an ugly maid's cap; and a pair of unearthly, staring blue glasses.

Madeline, you can appear "in character" at this interview. She intended to keep her own personality out of sight, and she felt that she needed the aid and concealment that her disguise would afford. She would give Claire's schemes no advantage ground.

So, Madeline Payne was carefully hidden away under the wig and plumed and padded and Celine Lerouge courtseyed demurely as she held the door open to admit him, and said:

"Good evening, Monsieur le Docteur; I perceive I am here before you."

"I don't perceive it. You are here before me in a double sense of the word; yes. And I suppose you call yourself—"

"Celine Lerouge, at your service; maid-in-waiting to Miss Arthur, of Oakley."

Doctor Vaughan laughed. "Madame, we don't shake hands with an American of no special importance, Celine Lerouge?"

She placed her hand in his and then drew forward a chair.

"I hope you found no difficulty in getting out to-night?" he said, sitting down before him at the table with half-amused, half-grave countenance.

"None whatever; I have been suffering with a sick-headache all day."

"And you can get in again to-night?"

"Easily; in the evening the servants are all below stairs."

"I don't like to disguise! Do they never question your blue glasses?"

"Not half so much as they would question the eyes without them. They believe my eyes were ruined by close application to fine needle-work. And then—"

she pushed toward the glasses a trifling and he saw that the eyelids, and fine underneath the eye, were artistically rouged—"they all acknowledge that my eyes look very weak."

"I fancy they'll find those eyes have looked too sharply for them, by and by," she laughed lightly. "I hope so."

Sitting there in her prim disguise, the girl felt glad to gaze upon him; felt as if, look as much as she would, she was gazing from a safe distance.

Dr. Vaughan came straight to the point of his visit, beginning by requesting a repetition of such portion of the facts she had discovered as related most particularly to the two men, Davlin and Percy. Then he made his suggestion. To his surprise it was a welcome one to the girl.

"That is just what I have had in mind, she said, thoughtfully. After retiring to her room, she had been somewhat, and I don't see my way quite so clearly as before."

He was looking at her attentively, but asked no questions.

"Since I came from the city," she resumed, with some hesitancy, "I have been thinking in this way. I have been again with all of you. But it won't do to incur the risk of mere absence, for if I do not mistake the signs, things will be pretty lively up there, nothing in the direction of Oakley, before many days. So perhaps we had better make up our minds to develop in the way of counterplot, and you can make known the result to Ollie."

"If your own invention will not serve, I fear mine will be an utter loss. But you know how glad I shall be to share your confidence."

"My intention must serve," she said, firmly, and quite ignoring the latter clause of his speech; "and must yours. You see, my plan before going to the city was a comparatively simple one. I intended to work my way into the confidence of Mrs. John Arthur."

Then she told him that she had been reinstated, and then the denouement would have been easy; to get possession of specimens of the medicine prescribed for Mr. Arthur; to hunt down this sham doctor they are to introduce into the house; to show John Arthur the manner of wife he has; to make my own terms with him, and then expose and turn out the whole pack. But all this must be changed."

"Changed? And how?"

"I can't turn them out of Oakley. I must keep them there, every one of them, at any cost."

Dr. Vaughan looked puzzled. "We can't allow them to kill that old man, not even to vindicate poetical justice," he said, gravely.

"No; we can't allow just that. But don't you see, if we turn these people away now, we defeat a chief end and aim—the liberation of Philip Girard?"

The Mysterious Passenger.

The captain of a vessel which was bringing to America in the fall of 1798 a mysterious passenger who had come aboard at Hamburg watched the latter so closely that at last the passenger said one day: "Sir, this is not the first occasion upon which I have observed the attentive scrutiny you bestow upon me. May I inquire the reason?"

"Sir," responded the candid captain, "you took passage on my ship as a Dane. I don't believe you're anything of the kind."

The passenger smiled. The smile was full of perspicacity and confidence and was followed with, "Pray, tell me, then, what you believe me to be."

At this question Captain Ewing fidgeted, hesitated and finally blurted out: "Well, to be honest, I think you are a gambler. You've well nigh ruined yourself at home and are now coming to fleece the fools you'll find on shore."

The young man's smile broadened. The next minute he turned grave again, and his voice and replied: "Captain Ewing, as you have studied me during this voyage so I have studied you. I have come to the conclusion that you are a man to be trusted. I am Louis Philippe, due d'Orleans, eldest son of that Louis Philippe d'Orleans who was slain by the guillotine on the 7th of November, almost three years ago."—Argonaut.

Most of Them Paid.

A large company of easily gulled individuals was victimized a short time back in a small country town. By means of posters announcing a grand sacred concert and by a free distribution of complimentary tickets bearing on their face this condition, "No Gentleman Admitted Unless Accompanied by a Lady," a large audience was gathered at the theater. When the crowd began to press in through the doors, the ticket taker began shouting:

"All having complimentary tickets will please pass up stairs to the gallery."

This was a dark, dreary, hot place, not having the capacity for seating comfortably more than 100 people. Those who pressed forward with their tickets were told that if they did not wish to go to the gallery they could be admitted by paying a shilling apiece. Every man who appeared with a complimentary ticket of course had a lady with him and felt a sort of embarrassment if she were not his wife or intimate acquaintance, so he yielded to compulsion and paid rather than retire, and so the scheme succeeded to the extent of filling the house.—London Answers.

A Tart Old Lady.

Out in Indiana a good many years ago a certain old lady, summoned as a witness, came into court wearing a large poked bonnet such as was then much affected by rural folks. Her answers to the questions put to her being rather indistinct, the court requested her to speak louder, though without much success.

"The court cannot hear a word you say, my good woman," said the judge. "Please to take off that huge bonnet of yours."

"Sir," she said composedly and distinctly enough this time, "the court has a perfect right to bid a gentleman take off his hat, but it has no right to make a lady remove her bonnet."

"Madam," replied the judge, "you seem so well acquainted with the law that I think you had better come up and take a seat with us on the bench."

"I thank your honor kindly," she responded, dropping a low courtesy to the court, "but there are old women enough there already."—Law Notes.

Mark Twain and His Pyjamas.

Mark Twain has an intense dislike for clothes, and if it were possible would remain in his pyjamas day and night. And whenever he can do so he eats breakfast in them, receives his friends and works in them. His favorite mode of writing is to lie flat on the floor on his stomach in his pyjamas, with a pipe in his mouth. When on lecture tours, he never gets out of his sleeping clothes until it is time to go to hall or opera house. When the fit strikes him, he likes to exercise, and then with his customary shamble will shuffle along for miles and exhaust his most athletic companion. But he feels far more at home in his pyjamas than in a street suit or evening clothes, and in them he remains as great a part of the day as Mrs. Clemens will allow him.—Ladies' Home Journal.

A Unique Collection.

A Philadelphia man owns a most unique assortment of pieces of blotting paper, collected by his father, who was once an official of the White House, each of which bears, reversed, the signature of a president from General Harrison, who died a month after his election in 1841, to Garfield. On one sheet, the most highly prized of the lot, the last official letter signed by President Lincoln was blotted before he was assassinated by Booth.

No Complaints.

Horse Dealer—Well, John, how about that horse I sold you? Was he quiet enough?

Undertaker—Well, sir, he did give us a little trouble at first. We put him in one of the mourning coaches, you know, and parties don't like to be shook up in their grief, but we've put him in the hearse now, and we haven't heard any complaint so far.—Household Words.

Britain's "Tribute Money."

Several years ago a large sum of money was sent out to China from England in relief of an appalling famine. But Dr. Weynon of the Wesleyan mission related in a recent speech that he had discovered in Shanghai a commemorative column, erected by the governments' authority, on which this British contribution was calmly set down as "tribute money."—Penny Gazette.

CONSCIENCE AND THE LAW.

Queer Notions Most People Entertain as to Right and Wrong.

"A lawyer is the repository of more secrets than a priest or doctor," said a member of the fraternity while taking his ease at the club.

"Mostly rascally," suggested his listener.

"Well, yes," admitted the lawyer. "It is my experience that there never yet was a case where one side was wholly in the right and the other side wholly in the wrong. That is what makes it easy on a lawyer's conscience. You didn't think he had one? Come, give us something new. But what I was about to say was that very few people have a conscience."

"I thought everybody had one."

"Theoretically everybody has, but it is only used in judging other persons' acts. When a man is personally interested, he puts his conscience to one side. That's what makes work for the lawyers. Every term there are a hundred cases tried in which one party knows he is entirely in the wrong, but hopes to get the better of his opponent by some slip of the law."

"The root of the trouble," he went on, "is that people have got their morals mixed. Nine-tenths of the people think that nothing is wrong unless it is against the law. If they should happen to land in a country where stealing was unknown and where of course there would be no laws against it, they would feel justified in stealing. Now, laws don't make crimes; crimes make laws. If there wasn't a law on the statute books, it would still be wrong to kill, steal, cheat or commit any other crime, but you can't get people to understand that. And mean, overbearing, tricky or wrong action that the law does not absolutely forbid they will do. The inherent sense of justice which is supposed to exist in every man's breast is largely a myth."

"Why don't you preach that to your clients?" asked his friend.

"And lose all my clients? No, thank you," said the lawyer indignantly.—Chicago Times-Herald.

COCKFIGHTS IN SPAIN.

An Amusement That Divides Attention With the Bull Ring.

Bullfighting is believed to be the national diversion of Spain, but cockfighting divides interest with it. In Madrid people subscribe annually to the cockfights as they do in New York to the opera season. These chaotic affairs take place in Madrid every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon almost all the year round, with due advertisement and entire publicity.

A mixed crowd patronizes them—toreros and grandees, youths and staid men of business. The Circus de la Serrana, a club, is quite close to the Mediodia theatre. The entrance fee is 1 peseta, equal in its present depreciation to 10 cents. The building is octagonal and about 16 yards in diameter. It looks like a miniature circus arena inside. In the middle of the circular platform where the birds fight. It is raised about three feet from the main floor, is six feet in diameter and is covered with a mazing of thick rope woven firmly in circular rings. This is inclosed by a broad meshed white netting fastened to a rail about a yard high which runs around the "pit."

Versions of a Child's Prayer.

I lay me down to rest me.
I pray the Lord to keep me.
If I should die before I wake,
I pray the Lord my soul to take.

This hymn reminds one of Dr. Watts' well known "Evening Song," in which he says:

I lay my body down to sleep;
Let angels guard my head;
And through the hours of darkness keep
Their watch around my bed.

Possibly the doctor was acquainted with the child's hymn before he composed his song.—Notes and Queries.

At every age from 20 to 65 the chances of a single man going mad are much greater than those of a married man.

Ostrich eggs weigh about 3½ pounds each. They are sometimes eaten in Africa.

The Robert J. SIMPSON Co. Limited

GLAD THINGS FOR XMAS.

Our plans are all Christmas-ward—Our thoughts tuned to making the season one of completest enjoyment. Our stocks are very large and varied. We cannot in the newspaper space at our disposal do more than enumerate a very few of them, but if you drop postal we'll send you our store paper containing, besides other good matter, nine pages of items, with illustrations, selected specially for Xmas presents.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

1,000 dozen Ladies' Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, buttonhole and scalloped edges, also hemstitched, positively worth 12c and 20c each, very special, 3 for 25c. Ladies' extra fine Swiss Handkerchiefs, "dainty patterns," scalloped, hemstitched and Valenciennes lace edges, 15c. (Formerly 20c.) each dozen; also Fancy 6c. Ladies' sheer lawn linen Handkerchiefs, scalloped and hemstitched edges in different patterns, 10c, 12c, 15c, or per dozen \$2.75.

FINE TABLE LINENS.

Hemstitched Table Cloth of finest French damask, satin finish, pure linen and newest designs:—
Sizes 2 1/2 x 3 yards, each \$4.75
SIZES 2 1/2 x 3 yards, each 7.50
SIZES 2 1/2 x 3 yards, each 10.00
Hemstitched Napkins to match the above table cloths in pattern and quality, size 24 x 24 inches, per dozen \$10.00
Also pure linen Double Damask Table Cloth, size 2 1/2 x 3 yards, with border all around, best quality and finish, Irish linen, in newest, acorn and floral designs, and on 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c, 75c, 80c, 85c, 90c, 95c, 1.00, 1.10, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 1.60, 1.70, 1.80, 1.90, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 2.60, 2.70, 2.80, 2.90, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 3.60, 3.70, 3.80, 3.90, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 4.60, 4.70, 4.80, 4.90, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 5.60, 5.70, 5.80, 5.90, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 6.60, 6.70, 6.80, 6.90, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 7.50, 7.60, 7.70, 7.80, 7.90, 8.00, 8.10, 8.20, 8.30, 8.40, 8.50, 8.60, 8.70, 8.80, 8.90, 9.00, 9.10, 9.20, 9.30, 9.40, 9.50, 9.60, 9.70, 9.80, 9.90, 10.00, 10.10, 10.20, 10.30, 10.40, 10.50, 10.60, 10.70, 10.80, 10.90, 11.00, 11.10, 11.20, 11.30, 11.40, 11.50, 11.60, 11.70, 11.80, 11.90, 12.00, 12.10, 12.20, 12.30, 12.40, 12.50, 12.60, 12.70, 12.80, 12.90, 13.00, 13.10, 13.20, 13.30, 13.40, 13.50, 13.60, 13.70, 13.80, 13.90, 14.00, 14.10, 14.20, 14.30, 14.40, 14.50, 14.60, 14.70, 14.80, 14.90, 15.00, 15.10, 15.20, 15.30, 15.40, 15.50, 15.60, 15.70, 15.80, 15.90, 16.00, 16.10, 16.20, 16.30, 16.40, 16.50, 16.60, 16.70, 16.80, 16.90, 17.00, 17.10, 17.20, 17.30, 17.40, 17.50, 17.60, 17.70, 17.80, 17.90, 18.00, 18.10, 18.20, 18.30, 18.40, 18.50, 18.60, 18.70, 18.80, 18.90, 19.00, 19.10, 19.20, 19.30, 19.40, 19.50, 19.60, 19.70, 19.80, 19.90, 20.00, 20.10, 20.20, 20.30, 20.40, 20.50, 20.60, 20.70, 20.80, 20.90, 21.00, 21.10, 21.20, 21.30, 21.40, 21.50, 21.60, 21.70, 21.80, 21.90, 22.00, 22.10, 22.20, 22.30, 22.40, 22.50, 22.60, 22.70, 22.80, 22.90, 23.00, 23.10, 23.20, 23.30, 23.40, 23.50, 23.60, 23.70, 23.80, 23.90, 24.00, 24.10, 24.20, 24.30, 24.40, 24.50, 24.60, 24.70, 24.80, 24.90, 25.00, 25.10, 25.20, 25.30, 25.40, 25.50, 25.60, 25.70, 25.80, 25.90, 26.00, 26.10, 26.20, 26.30, 26.40, 26.50, 26.60,

HEADQUARTERS FOR 'XMAS GOODS!

Our store is the Pioneer Drug and Stationery Store of Moose Jaw. It was opened when the town was little more than a settlement; has grown as the town has grown; has advanced as the town has advanced, through good years and bad years, through good times and hard times, its doors have never been closed, and after Fifteen Years of careful management we are happy to report business in a prosperous condition. All these years we have been catering to your wants.

Presentation Goods!

Our selection of presentation goods this year has been made carefully and with the knowledge attained only by those of long experience. In purchasing our present stock we have made a specialty of Celluloid and Leather goods.

Books! Books!

Look through our books and get our prices before buying or sending elsewhere.

Celluloid Goods!

Our stock of Celluloid goods includes toilet cases, albums, work boxes, jewel cases, perfume cases, neck tie boxes, glove and handkerchief boxes, cuff and collar boxes, etc.

Seeley Perfumes!

Our line of celebrated Seeley Perfumes is now on exhibition and make a very appropriate 'Xmas present.

Leather Goods!

Our Leather goods have been bought from the best houses in Canada, and we are in a position to show you some beautiful goods in this line. A look through these and other lines of 'Xmas goods will be appreciated.

Something New!

We will be opening out a nice line of China-Blasque ware the first of the week.

Toys and Dolls!

In toys, as usual, we have a large and well assorted stock at better prices than ever. We have exercised particular care in selecting our dolls.

Cased Pipes, Etc.

We have a nice line of cased pipes, tobacco pouches, cigar holders, cigar cases, match boxes, etc., etc. Smokers, see our line before buying your friend a present.

Japanese Goods!

We have still a nice selection of Japanese goods, including tea sets, cups and saucers, lacquered boxes, earthenware, jades, baskets, vases, etc.

Parlor Games!

Curling, crokinole, triangle, fort, Parlor croquet, king's court, parcheesi, dominoes, checkers, authors, nations, flags, etc are only a few of our parlor games.

There are many other lines of goods which we cannot attempt to explain, but invite all to come and inspect our stock. See Our Bargain Table . . .

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1898.

A Gentle Reminder.

We would like to remind those in arrears that we expect them to pay up as soon as possible. We have sent each one a statement; you therefore know how much you owe. It is a small matter to you, but a very weighty one to us. With the re-imposition of postage, after Jan. 1st, 1899, it is unfair to ask us to wait one, two, and in some cases three years for subscription money. Kindly give this matter your prompt attention and by doing so you will greatly oblige.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.
Thos. Miller, Manager.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Fresh dairy butter at The Model Grocery Store.—Advtd.

A trial solicited at The Model Grocery Store.—Advtd.

Fresh eggs, 25c. per doz. at The Model Grocery Store.—Advtd.

Good fat geese, well dressed, at The Model Grocery Store.—Advtd.

Christmas turkey, and chicken,—good, fat and cheap at The Model Grocery Store.—Advtd.

Ladies' fall and winter jackets at big discounts to clear. See them at Miss Clarke's.—Advtd.

Mr. R. S. Barrow, manager of the Union Bank branches at Moose Jaw and Regina, was in town last Saturday on business.

WANTED.—A young girl to assist with light house work. Must sleep at home. Apply to Mrs. P. F. Size, High St., east.

Mr. Cameron, builder and contractor, of Indian Head, left for home this week, having completed his Moose Jaw contracts.

Mrs. McNeil, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., was the guest of Mrs. D. McLean a couple of days this week, while en route home from the Coast.

Mr. H. W. Hooper, travelling agent for J. Y. Griffin & Co., pork packers and commission merchants, of Winnipeg, Man., was in town on Monday.

Mr. Chris. Richardson, formerly C.P.R. brakeman at this place, who left for British Columbia last spring, returned last week and will spend some time with his brother, Mr. Art. Richardson.

To-day wheat is one cent lower than this last week, 47c. being the market price. Deliveries have not been brisk and are not likely to improve until after the New Year. Butter and eggs, etc., are the same as last week.

Brakeman Ben. Reid, who recently left to visit friends at Chatham, Ont., writes to a friend that he is having a jolly old time and that his hand which was badly crushed is improving rapidly and will probably be as well as ever.

We are sorry to record the death of the infant daughter of Rev. W. A. and Mrs. Vrooman which succumbed to bronchitis on Wednesday, Dec. 7th. Mrs. Vrooman and family left for Brighton, Ont., the following Friday, taking with her the remains of the child to have them entered in the cemetery at her old home.

Brakeman Peter McLellan was nearly being run over while working in the yard at this place one day this week. He was walking up a switch and did not notice an engine coming behind him on the same track until it was within a few feet of him. He sprang to one side but not in time to escape a bad knock from the tender, which confined him to his bed a couple of days.

The Rev. T. W. Cunliffe, of Maple Creek, visited Regina last week. Mr. Cunliffe was able to report that both church and temporal affairs within his rather large parish are in prosperous condition. At Swift Current a handsome new church is being erected, and at Maple Creek a neat stone parsonage has been completed. Rev. Mr. Cunliffe enjoyed a trip through British Columbia last fall—the first vacation he had taken in many years.—Leader.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE AT BOOKSTORES 5c

Mrs. Seymour Green returned home from Wolseley this week.

See our clothing circular and advertisement next week.—Robinson & Hamilton.

Mrs. Jno. Keay returned home last evening from Regina after a fortnight's visit with friends.

Mr. Richard Smail has been appointed caretaker of the Court House in lieu of W. J. White resigned.

Miss Kirkpatrick, of Winnipeg, arrived last Friday morning on a visit to her sisters, Mrs. Jno. Gallaher and Miss Lott.

Great bargains in suits, see our coat, pants and vest for \$2.90, regular \$5.00 and \$6.00 lines. Robinson & Hamilton.—Advtd.

Mr. W. J. Halliday returned from Banff last Saturday, where he had been seeking relief from sciatic rheumatism, but without much success.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Young, of Stony Beach, left on Monday on the C.P.R. eastern excursion to spend the winter with friends at Stratford, Ont.

Staff-Sergt. de Kossiter, N.W.M.P., has been promoted to be Sergt.-Major, and Sergt. Heffernan, in charge of the Regina station, has become a Staff-Sergeant.

Mr. Alex. Zess has purchased the north east quarter of Section 16, Township 17, Range 26, situated about three miles north-east of town and will move onto the same in the spring.

In another column notice is given that all persons indebted to the town are requested to settle their accounts before Dec. 17th, and all persons to whom the town is indebted are requested to render their accounts before that date.

Paul Brown, the murderer, has written a letter to the Minister of Justice in which he says that he would rather be sent to penitentiary than hanged, but that he would rather be taken from the jail to have his neck broken than to go to a lunatic asylum. He winds up by saying that he don't see why he should be hanged for shooting a nigger.

The returns from Cumberland reduced McLeod's majority over Betts in East Prince Albert to less than 40. It is reported that the poll at Grand Rapids, where it is stated there are about 75 voters, was not opened, the deputy failing to reach the polling place. Mr. Betts will apply to the judge to have a new poll declared in that division. In West Prince Albert Mr. Agnew is protesting 3 polls.

Mr. W. R. Goeling, of Parkbeg, was in town last Saturday on his semi-annual visit. Mr. Goeling has charge of the C. P. R. water tanks at Parkbeg and adjoining points and is also interested to some extent in ranching. Parkbeg is outside of the wheat belt and is well into the ranching country. Between 250 and 300 head of fat steers have been exported from the district this year. Mr. R. Manley alone sold 120 head to Gordon and Ironside and intends going out of cattle ranching, but will continue his horse ranch. Among the principal shippers were Messrs Bradshaw, Colcutt, Smart, and Richardson. The C. P. R. roadbed was greatly improved last summer and about forty men were engaged in the gravel pit, besides an extra gang on the railroad.

BIRTHS.

BATE.—At Moose Jaw, on Sunday, Dec. 4th, 1898, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bate, a daughter.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Chas. Heron left last week to visit friends in the east.

Mr. J. L. Legare, of Willow Bunch, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. Jas. Miller, section foreman, of Regina, was in town this week.

Men's pants worth \$2.50 to \$3.00 for \$1.50, at Robinson & Hamilton's.—Advtd.

Mrs. Arch. Curran left on Monday afternoon to visit friends at Grand Rapids.

Brakeman Albert Bamford, who narrowly escaped serious injury last Saturday week at Balgonie, is now able to be around.

Remember the Bachelors' and Benedicts Ball in Central Hall next Friday evening. There is a promise of a large attendance, as the tickets have met with a ready sale.

Mr. Robt. Wroe and family, of the Pasqua settlement, left for the Danphin district last week, where he will try his fortune in farming. He took with him a car load of stock and settlers effects.

W. M. Urquhart, of Winnipeg, is again in town, having returned yesterday from Moose Jaw. Mr. Urquhart reports business brisk at Moose Jaw. The hotels and boarding houses there have more business than they can handle.—Regina Leader.

Frank Sheppard was arrested on Monday, charged with pointing a revolver at north-east of town. He was brought up for trial before W. C. Sanders. The case was postponed till Saturday at 11 a. m. in the Council Chamber. Accused was admitted out on bail.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will hold their Old Time Christmas Dinner next Wednesday evening in Central Hall. This is an annual affair and those who attend previous dinners always come again, and bring their friends with them. The admission this year will be 50c. A hot dinner will be served from 6 to 8 o'clock, after which a good programme will be rendered by best home talent.

This week Mr. Robt. Snodde commenced the erection of an implement shed on High street west, next to McDonald & Riddell's livery stable. The new shed is for Mr. Frank Grobb, of Regina, who is expected to arrive here in February to commence in business. It is said that Mr. Grobb will have the agency of the McCormick Manufacturing Co., and other implement firms. Mrs. Grobb and family will arrive next spring. This will add another to the growing list of business institutions in Moose Jaw.

Mr. Wm. Green, of the C. P. R. dining car service, has severed his connection with the company and is succeeded by Mr. Jones, of Winnipeg. Mr. Green has purchased the confectionery business of Mr. Jas. White, and is fitting up a first-class restaurant and oyster parlor and will also continue the confectionery business. A first-class restaurant should prove a successful business in Moose Jaw and Mr. Green's five years' experience in the dining car service is a guarantee that his restaurant will be first-class.

Nominations at Regina on Monday resulted as follows: J. K. McInnis is elector mayor by acclamation. The following were nominated for councillors, six only can be elected: Robt. Martin, S. A. Clark, T. J. Little, A. D. Wright, D. A. McDonald, J. S. Donahue, E. McCarthy and W. Mollard. Clark is the only member of the retiring Council, but Martin and Mollard have sat on previous councils. For school trustees three were required and the following were nominated: J. W. Smith, S. B. Jamieson, C. J. McCusker, and John Fisher. The three first named are the retiring members. The poll will be held next Monday.

Mrs. Jno. Furnis will leave next week to join her husband at Calgary to which place he was transferred some weeks ago. Mrs. Furnis will be greatly missed by a large number of Moose Jaw friends, who, learning of her intention to leave soon, met at her home yesterday week as a surprise party and gave her a presentation of silverware and spoons. Among those present were: The Rev. and Mrs. Chivers, Mr. and Mrs. Emerson, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Urwin, Mrs. Pascoe, Mrs. England, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Stunt, Miss Pearson, Miss Wilson, Mrs. Falvey, Miss Clarke, Mrs. and Miss Lowe, Mrs. McCauley, Miss Taylor, Mrs. Withrow, Mrs. Cline, Mrs. Kent, Mrs. Ostrander, Mrs. and Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Green, Mrs. Dapley, Mrs. Brass, Messrs. Delbridge, McLeay, Wallace, Lowe, Bell and Jagger. Kenzie. After spending a pleasant evening the gathering dispersed with best wishes for a successful future for Mr. and Mrs. Furnis.

Men's heavy winter pants clearing at \$1.00. Robinson & Hamilton.—Advtd.

100 men's suits regular prices from \$7.00 to \$10.00, yours for \$5.00. Robinson & Hamilton.—Advtd.

Brakeman Robt. Cousins had one of his fingers pinched while coupling cars at Regina this week.

A number of town people were invited out to Mr. Jas. Campbell's "house warmer" on Tuesday evening.

Owing to the death of his child, the Rev. W. A. Vrooman will not preach on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Elliott will conduct services in the Methodist Church in the morning and Rev. Mr. Endicott in the evening. Mr. Elson will preach at Wesley Church.

The total output of butter of the Regina Creamery in the past season was 25,447 lbs. The Mounted Police were purchasers of 6,000 lbs., and there were other sales in Regina aggregating 2,599 lbs. The balance, 16,842 lbs., was shipped to the British Columbia markets.

Mr. Robt. Snodde was also nominated for councillor, but withdrew before the close of nominations. John Franks also withdrew on Wednesday. This leaves seven candidates for councillors and four school trustees. As only six councillors and three trustees are required, a poll has been granted for next Monday, between the hours of nine a.m. and five p.m.

Mr. T. Bonneau arrived from Willow Bunch last evening and will leave for Montreal to-night, where he will have his "lame" arm amputated. Twelve years ago, while working in the lumber camps of Washington Territory, a tree fell on him and broke his shoulder blade. Ever since his right arm has been powerless. This past summer it has given him considerable trouble and pain, and he has decided to have it taken off.

A Canmore, Alberta, dispatch says that when the postmaster there came to open the mail bag off No. 1 on Wednesday morning, he found that the registered mail was missing, and examination of the bag disclosed the fact that it had apparently been cut open. The matter seems wrapped in mystery as the bags are always in responsible persons hands from the time they leave the car till the postmaster receives them.

The four Indian Moose brothers, arraigned for the Heron Bay murders, were brought up for trial at Port Arthur Wednesday, and after some of the evidence was in the judge said that the indictment should be for manslaughter, not murder, to which they pleaded guilty, and by the consent of the Crown the case was taken out of the hands of the jury and a sentence of ten years was imposed on the two eldest. The other two are let out on suspended sentence.

A wages case came up for hearing before W. C. Sanders, J. P., on Tuesday, when Wm. Snow took action against Jno. H. Smith to recover \$25.50 wages. Wm. Grayson appeared for Snow and W. B. Wiloughby for Smith. Smith claimed that he should only pay Snow \$10.50 on account of Snow accepting a \$10 order without authority, and a loss of \$30.00 through potatoes being frozen through Snow's neglect. Judgment was given in favor of plaintiff on the order and against him on potatoes. Judgment \$20.50 and costs against defendant.

Winnipeg Tribune: Commissioner Hercher, of N.W.M.P., left for his home in Regina after spending a few days in the city. He has been indisposed recently, but his short rest in Winnipeg has had a good effect on his health. The Commissioner said that the N.W.M.P. force now numbered 840 men, of which 250 were in the Yukon, and they were still desirous of increasing their numbers, and qualified recruits would be welcomed. Inspector Gray had recently been appointed to the position of superintendent of the force at Tagish, and Inspector Constantine to be superintendent of the force in the North-West, with headquarters at Moosomin.

Purchasers will do well to study our columns and to take time to examine the goods advertised there before sending their money to departmental stores in the east. Cheaper to buy goods here and return them if not suited than to pay express both ways on goods from Toronto. A merchant in Prince Albert has published in parallel columns a list of his prices compared with T. Eaton's catalogue prices. He claims that counting postage and express his goods are cheaper than Eaton's. Freight to Prince Albert is higher than to Moose Jaw. The moral is: Buy here and help your own town.

Gifts that the Men Appreciate!

Thousands of Dollars are wasted every year in useless, silly little presents! . . .

Men don't care for such trinkets and trumpery, at least most men don't! . . .

If you want to please a man give him something useful and ornamental; something to wear!

A FEW SUGGESTIONS.

Fine Neckwear, Fancy Vests, Silk Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, Fancy Suspenders, Fur Caps, Fur Collars, Gloves, Mitts, Felt Boots, Overshoes, Slippers, &c., &c.

SUCH PRESENTS ARE HERE IN ABUNDANCE AND AT MODERATE PRICES.

Our Stock of Christmas Groceries is complete in all lines.

One Car Potatoes to Arrive. Flour and Feed. Green Apples.

Remember the old reliable store has always a complete stock of Hardware, Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Etc., at right prices.

R. BOGUE.

Wedding Bells.

WHITE-BROOKS.

Prince Albert Advocate:—A most interesting event took place at the residence of Mrs. T. H. Brooks on Wednesday last, 23rd inst., the occasion being the celebration of the nuptials of Mr. Wellington White, brick manufacturer, and Miss Olive Brooks. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. J. McCrossan, in the presence of a number of intimate friends of the happy young couple. The groom was assisted through the ordeal by Dr. F. S. Mercer, and the bride, dressed becomingly in a travelling dress of grey, trimmed with fur, was assisted by her sister, Miss Josie. After the ceremony all present sat down to a sumptuous repast, which was followed by a couple of hours of merry making, and a general good time. Then the happy couple were escorted to the 3 a. m. train and given a right royal send off amid congratulations and well-wishes for their future happiness.

Mr. and Mrs. White intend to stay over for a few days at Winnipeg, when they will proceed to Toronto and eastern points, arriving later at Owen Sound, the home of the groom, to spend the winter.

The young couple will take up their residence at Moose Jaw next spring, at which place it is their intention to permanently reside.

The bride was the recipient of many costly, handsome and useful presents, testifying to the high esteem in which both contracting parties are held here by their numerous friends and acquaintances.

NOTICE.

All those to whom the Town of Moose Jaw is indebted are hereby requested to render their account on or before Dec. 17th, 1898, and all those who are in any way indebted to the town are requested to call and settle before that date. G. B. C. Sharpe, Secretary.

WANTED.

Applications wanted for the position of teacher in the Senior Intermediate Department of the Moose Jaw School. Applicants to state qualifications, age and salary required. Applications to be in by 23rd inst. Duties to commence Jan. 1st, 1899. Seymour Green, Secretary.